

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 23.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, AUGUST 15, 1901.

NO 10

FROM OVER THE STATE.

Happenings of the Week Briefly and tersely Told.

The United Mine Workers will ask the American Federation of Labor to declare a boycott against the product of the mines in Hopkins county.

John M. Melan, on account of ill health, has resigned his position on the Paducah Democrat as managing editor, and has been succeeded by Mr. Irvin S. Cobb. Mr. Melan, it is understood, will go back to Frankfort.

Gov. Beckham has finally refused to interfere with the judgment of the Anderson Circuit Court in the case of Holly Stratton, charged with murder, and the prisoner will be executed in Lawrenceburg next Friday.

The number of males of voting age in Kentucky is given at 543,996 by the census of 1900. There are 74,790 negro voters. In Louisville there are 59,561 persons who are eligible to vote. Of these 12,418 are colored.

Wm Hill, keeper of the Nelson county poor farm, was shot and killed by Wm Hazel, one of the inmates. Hazel was abusing his wife, who was also an inmate of the institution, when the keeper interfered to protect the woman and was killed.

Samuel R. Crewdson, of Russellville, has been appointed by Gov. Beckham to succeed the late I. H. Goodnight as Circuit Judge in the Seventh Judicial district. Judge Crewdson will be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the position next fall.

Attorney General Breckinridge has filed suit against nine State banks for franchise taxes due the commonwealth for 1901. Penalties aggregating \$19,000 are included in the action. The suits will be placed on the docket for the September term of the Franklin circuit court.

James B. Bowlin, of Owsley county, the oldest convict in point of service in the Frankfort penitentiary has recently been released on parole. Bowlin was sent up seventeen years ago to serve a life sentence for murder. In all that time he has not a single mark against him on the records of the prison.

The E. Young Oil and Gas Co., the firm that has been conducting the principal prospecting in Caldwell county's oil field, announces that they have been so successful in their search for oil that they feel justified in at once beginning drilling in several localities, and feel confident of success. They control several hundred acres of oil privileges.

Isaac Brooks, an old negro of Owensboro, sixty-two years of age, who has never been able to read or write, has startled the community by reciting Scripture at random. He can quote any verse in the Bible asked for, and claims that he was inspired in a dream Saturday. Strange as it may seem, the fact of his wonderful gift was not discovered until Sunday afternoon.

Clement Buchter, a Louisville chair maker, who conceived an unnatural passion for his eighteen year old daughter, Irene, pursued her to a neighbor's house, where she went for protection, and shot her to death. After the crime had been committed Buchter was arrested and he denied all knowledge of it. The crime is one of the most brutal ever committed in Louisville.

Incendiaries destroyed a church near Benton, in Marshall county, Thursday night, and warnings have been issued to Mormon elders and their converts threatening them with death if they persist in preaching their doctrines.

Andrew Arvidson, charged with the murder of Paul E. Goets, in Lexington, Thursday night, was dismissed by the examining court. Arvidson proved Goets had been intimate with his wife and had planned to kill him. The decision is similar to Judge Falconer's famous decision on the "unwritten law" involving the honor of the home.

The fight of Senator Deboe and the ring of Henry county Republicans against Mrs. Sanders, the widow, who for years has been postmaster at New Castle, has at last been successful. Mrs. Sanders has been removed and Dr. J. P. Gray has been appointed to succeed her as postmaster.

The fight attracted great attention. Mrs. Sanders was in Washington some time ago and made a personal appeal to the President, to be retained. It was thought for a time that she had carried her point, but today's appointment indicates otherwise.

Mrs. Sanders was dependent upon the position for the support of herself and children.

LETTER FROM KANSAS.

PHILLIPSBURG, KAN., Aug. 5.

EDITOR PRESS: Allow me space in your valuable paper to write a short letter in regard to my home in the far off West.

We are now living in the sunny land of Kansas. We are all well pleased with the country, and also the people in it. There are quite a number of foreigners here, such as the German, Dutch, etc.

Kansas has the finest wheat crop it ever raised, in spite of the hot winds and drouth that you people heard about.

The dry weather damaged the corn crop considerably; but there will be quite a lot of corn that will do to husk. The corn has had a tussle to make anything. The first thing we had was a shower of grasshoppers, then the drouth came on, but since we are having rain the crops are looking pretty well. There will be a world of fodder if there isn't much corn made.

Since I have been writing my grandfather, Mr. J. B. Morse, has brought in an armful of roasting ears from our field.

We live two miles north of Phillipsburg. It is a pretty little city of fifteen hundred inhabitants, with a fine court house, four churches, ten dry goods stores, four hardware stores, an opera house, a fine school house, and also the railroad roundhouse is located here.

Well, I will bring my letter to a close for this writing. Say, Mr. Editor, what would you think if I were to tell you how patriotic the Kansas grasshopper is? He wears the red, white and blue stripes on his back. I think that is patriotic when as small a creature as he is can go so far as that. But I will now close.

Yours truly,
Gertrude McCain.

Moved to New Cemetery.

Rev. J. W. Bigham has had the bodies of his three children, buried nearly twenty years ago in the old cemetery, moved to the new cemetery and placed by the side of the daughter recently buried. This family has buried six children—two are interred at Hopkinsville and four at Marion. The turbid waves of sorrow have six times rolled over the threshold of this brave, loyal minister of the gospel, but that faith and hope he has so long and faithfully preached to others give him the fortitude to bear those trials as only the servant of God can.

THE GREAT DRAWING

How The Distribution of Indian Lands Was Made

EDITOR PRESS: Perhaps an account of the opening to homestead of the Wichita, Kiowa, Apache and Comanche reservations in the Indian Territory would be interesting to the readers of the Press.

The manner of opening up these lands to settlement by the Interior Department of our government has proven entirely satisfactory to those who sought homes in the new country. Heretofore when any of the Indian lands have been thrown open to settlement it has been done by a race. The President setting forth a certain day in his proclamation, and by the firing of a cannon at a certain hour the opening was declared and the thousands of home seekers who, having gathered on the borders, would make the run for the lands. Besides being dangerous this method has never been satisfactory.

Often two or more Boomers would drive their stakes on the same quarter section, each claiming, perhaps honestly, too, that he was the first man on the land. Many contests have grown out of these early openings, and the courts being slow to decide some cases are pending yet with two or more occupants on the same farm, each claiming to be the rightful owner. So when Congress, late in its last session, passed the bill to open these last lands, the power was given the president to formulate a plan. It was decided to do away with the "run" and to draw for the homes. Any one wishing to enter the grand lottery to go to one of the land offices, either at El Reno or Lawton and register, taking an oath that he or she was of certain age, did not own more than 160 acres of land, etc. Each person who registered was given a certificate allowing him to go upon the land and acquaint himself with the land, so as to enable him to intelligently select a claim in case he was successful in the drawing. In the four reservations there were besides the Indian allotments the reserved pasture lands and the reserved school lands, 13,473 quarter sections. There were registered 157,000 applicants for these claims.

The registering closed July 26, and the drawing began July 29 at El Reno. The 167,000 names were placed in one wheel, and the numbers representing the 13,453 quarter sections of land in another wheel. The first name drawn from the wheel was numbered No. 1 and then a number was drawn from the wheel containing the land numbers. The person drawing No. 1 was given choice of all the lands, the person drawing No. 2 was given the second choice, and so on till the 13,473 tracts of land were gone. The persons drawing the first 125 numbers were allowed to file on Aug. 6; those drawing the second 125 numbers on Aug. 7, etc.

The roads leading to the land offices for days before the drawing took place were full of wagons. It would remind one of the train of wagons that sped across the western prairies during the gold excitement in California in '49; there were wagons from Colorado, the Dakotas, Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota and in fact from everywhere, besides those who came on the train from every State in the Union. Texas, Kansas, Oklahoma, and the Indian Territory furnished most of the crowd. All sorts of stories were published regarding the character of the home seekers. Some that the thieves predominated everywhere and that provisions could not be had at any price—all of which was untrue. In fact I never saw as orderly a multitude in my life. Of the thousands around the land offices I never saw a drunk man, a fight, nor even a man out of humor. "Joe, here is your uncle," seemed to be the only saying that became monotonous. I was told this expression found its origin during the civil war.

There are some fine lands in these reservations. The dirt is of a sandy foundation, mostly what is called the black sandy loam, which is very productive and easily cultivated. Naturally it is a fine watered country. Creeks that run all the time, springs, lakes, etc. Mesquite grass covers the country which makes fine pastures. One could scarcely imagine that the country is not improved at all. You scarcely see a foot of broken land or a sign of a settlement in all this scope of country. 'Tis just as nature left it, except it is used as pasture. We would travel all day and never see a house or crops of any kind.

The Comanche tribe of Indians is supposed to be the most uncivilized of all the tribes. There is no place where a person can get a better insight into Indian life than around Fort Sill. These Indians still wear their blankets and costumes, and live in the teepees as they did when history was written. There is no sign of progress; the squaw still carries the wood and builds the fire; nature cleared the ground. The sun does not get too hot for the squaw's bare head.

These Indians are not at all pleased with the deal by which they are losing their land. It can easily be seen that they would resist the white man taking possession if they were strong enough. Pardon me, Mr. Editor. I did not mean to make this letter so long. One could write a week of the scenes around Fort Sill—the government post, the soldiers, the old barracks with the port holes through which the soldiers used to shoot the Indians during their raids upon the Fort.

The drawing is over. I was one of the unlucky ones. still I think the plan of opening the country the best ever adopted and perfectly fair in every respect.

Respectfully,
F. J. Clement.

Aug. 6, 1901.

NOTICE.

On account of the Piney camp meeting, convening last Friday, I had to call in my appointment at Hills Chapel for the second Sunday. I will begin a meeting at Hills Chapel the third Sunday night in this month. All are invited. The last quarterly meeting will be held at Rosebud the 17th and 18th of this month, which is the third Saturday and Sunday. Preaching at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. Dinner on the ground and regular services Sunday. Remember, brethren what it means when we say that it is the last quarterly meeting. The Lord give us a good time. Yours for success,

J. W. Crowe, P. C.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from dyspepsia," he writes "my wife greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach. But she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and after using four bottles she is entirely well, can eat anything. Its a grand tonic, and its general laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles, its a positive guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Orme's.

Young Man!

Young Woman!

Get an Education.

Marion School,

MARION, KY.

SESSION BEGINS

Monday, Sept. 16, 1901.

Common School Branches.

High School Studies.

Reputation established. Management same as in preceding seven years.

Work tried by hundreds of resident and non-resident pupils.

Practicality tested by time.

Tried, tested and found true.

Expenses low. Write to

CHARLES EVANS.

JOHN DAVIS.

W. L. DAVIS

Neuralgia Banished.

DAVIS & SON,

PROPRIETORS

Princeton Marble and Granite Works, PRINCETON, KY.

A Handsome Monument.

Davis & Son, Western Kentucky's leading marble dealers, last week placed a handsome Sarcophagus monument over the grave of the late J. W. Stegar. The monument is one of dark Barre granite, and is one of the finest monuments of the style in the cemetery, doing full credit to Davis & Son's reputation as up-to-date and high art dealers and workers in marble and granite.—Princeton Chronicle.

To Save Her Child.

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nanie Gallages of LaGrange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face and writes that its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Piles, 25c. Cure guaranteed by J. H. Orme.

BOUNTY

Is due thousands of soldiers, and 3 months extra pay to officers or their heirs.

C. B. WADLEIGH, 518 Fifth St. Washington, D. C.

.. Hughes' ..

Chill Tonic

Palatable.

Better than Calomel and Quinine. (Contains no arsenic) THE OLD RELIABLE.

Excellent General Tonic.

As well as a sure cure for

Chills and Fever.

Malarial Fevers, Swamp Fevers, and Bilious Fevers

IT NEVER FAILS!

Just what you need at this season.

MILD LAXATIVE.

NERVOUS SEDATIVE.

SPLendid Tonic.

Guaranteed by your Druggists.

Don't take any substitute. Try it.

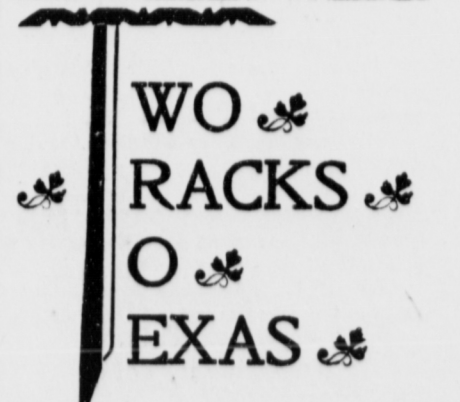
50 ct. and \$1 Bottles.

Prepared by Robinson-Pettit Co.

[INCORPORATED.] LOUISVILLE, KY.



FOR SALE BY WM. HARRIGAN.



Effective March 10th, 1901, the



Announces the Opening of

Red River Division

Denison and Sherman,

Texas.

Through Train Service will soon

be established from St. Louis and Kansas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, : : : KENTUCKY.

1901 AUGUST. 1901						
SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

Walter Smith, of New York, broke the five-mile amateur bicycle record, making the distance in 8 minutes and 27.5 seconds.

Fourteen horses were burned in a fire which destroyed the livery stables of Harry Gordon in Chicago.

Dr. Hodgson, of the Marine hospital in Washington, has discovered a cure for yellow fever in medicine made from the cedar bean.

President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Steel association, served notice on steel companies that a general strike will be ordered unless differences are settled within ten days.

J. M. Key, owner of the Commercial bank at St. Andrews, Ind., was arrested charged with disposing of forged notes, and the bank was closed.

Miss Carrie Jones, daughter of ex-Gov. Thomas G. Jones, was crushed to death by a street car in Montgomery, Ala.

Benjamin Pugh, a negro, who murdered John Tieggen, was electrocuted at Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison.

An explosion wrecked a block of buildings in Philadelphia, causing the death of from 12 to 20 persons and the injury of 50 more.

An infant died of starvation in a Chicago courtroom while legal steps were under way to provide for its care.

William Schultz killed his wife and committed suicide in Chicago because the woman had refused to take a trip with him.

Rev. George E. Hancock, pastor of the West Park (N. Y.) Methodist church, died while preaching.

Miss Mattie H. Beals has been made city marshal of the new town of Lawton, Okla.

Since the new law went into effect 16 months ago 665 national banks have been organized in the United States.

The old exposition building in Kansas City, Mo., that cost \$200,000, was destroyed by fire.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Indiana Pulp & Paper company in Marion, the loss being \$240,000.

The Texas legislature convened in special session to redistrict the congressional districts.

Nathan Caruthers (colored) was hanged at Memphis, Tenn., for the murder of Charles Nebe.

Andrew Carnegie has promised \$50,000 to the people of Racine, Wis., for a public library.

Robbers tunneled into the strong-room of the Selby Smelting and Lead company at Vallejo, Cal., and secured gold bullion valued at \$280,000.

Senator McLaurin notified the South Carolina democratic state committee it had no power to read him out of the party, and defied the Tillman faction.

Nikola Tesla will erect an electric station near Port Jefferson, N. Y., for wireless telegraphy.

Citizens at Lawton, Okla., organized a vigilance committee to suppress crime in the new town.

President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, issued a call for a general strike of all union men employed in the mills of the United States Steel corporation, the order to take effect on the 10th inst.

Admiral Howison has been selected as the third member of the Schley court of inquiry.

Moderate temperatures and good rains have improved late corn in the great corn states.

Miss Emma Tizzard, daughter of the late W. B. Tizzard, a well-known editor of Eaton, O., committed suicide by jumping into a well.

Sy Lewis (colored), convicted of vagrancy, was sold at auction at Taylorsville, Ky., to Arch Hays for two dollars. The sale is for nine months' servitude.

A tornado wrecked many houses at Norfolk and Berkeley, Va., and in the country all the outbuildings on several farms were demolished.

Constable H. B. Goodrich was shot and killed in Chicago during a quarrel with his wife, whom he had deserted.

The special committee of the industrial commission has begun work on its report to congress.

John Wesley Pennington, a negro, was burned at the stake near Enterprise, Ala., by a mob for assaulting Mrs. J. C. Davis, wife of a prominent farmer.

The Harrison monument fund at Indianapolis now amounts to \$30,000.

South Chicago steel employees fear to strike because there are many men ready to take their places.

Postal receipts for the year will show an increase of \$7,000,000, the total being nearly 100 per cent. greater than in 1890.

Frank Schultz, drunk and jealous, shot and killed his wife and daughter at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

The warship Machias will sail at once for Panama to guard American interests in Colombia during the revolution.

Two Dowiettes who attempted to hold a street meeting in South Chicago were driven away by a mob.

Fire destroyed a livery stable and several adjoining buildings at Portland, Ore. Fifty horses perished.

Loss of ground by the steel strikers is reported at various points, but President Shaffer minimizes the stories and cites figures in behalf of the men. Leaders on both sides assert neither will sue for peace.

The body of a murdered girl, cut to pieces, was found in a trunk unearthed by street graders at South Seattle, Wash.

A mass meeting at Fort Scott, Kan., ordered temperance workers to leave the city.

Prompted because of losses through clerks, Chicago business men organized to fight gambling at the Harlem race track.

Ten persons were seriously injured and others slightly hurt in a railway wreck at Confluence, Pa.

Late wheat was damaged by frost near Bottineau, N. D.

A former employee of the Selby smelting works at Vallejo, Cal., which was looted of \$280,000 in gold, has been arrested as one of the thieves.

A storm at Portsmouth, N. H., severely damaged the navy yard and two persons were killed and many injured.

Mrs. Hogan and her three children were killed by lightning at Mount Hennen, La.

The warships Wisconsin and Iowa have been ordered to be in readiness to go to Panama to protect American interests in the Colombian rebellion.

Prof. Triggs, of Chicago university, told his class in English literature that Longfellow's poetry was trivial and unworthy of consideration and scored Oliver Wendell Holmes.

A thief who robbed the Washburn Jewelry company, of Anderson, Ind., of \$3,000 worth of goods, repented and confessed to a priest, who returned the plunder.

Clements Buchter shot and killed his daughter, aged 19, and fatally wounded his wife in Louisville, Ky.

Officials of the steel companies admit that thousands of men will obey the order of President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, and go out, but deny that the tie-up will be general.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

William N. Claggett, who was Montana territory's first republican delegate to congress, died at Spokane.

William C. Price, treasurer of the United States under Buchanan, died at the home of his daughter in Chicago, aged 86 years.

The republicans of Maryland in state convention in Baltimore nominated Hermann S. Platt, of Baltimore, for state comptroller.

Iowa republicans in convention in Des Moines nominated A. B. Cummins, of that city, for governor. The platform lauds the national and state administrations, emphasizes fealty to the gold standard, denounces southern laws for the disfranchisement of the negroes, and favors such tariff changes as may be made advisable by changing conditions.

Nebraska democrats, populists and free silver republicans will hold a fusion convention in Lincoln September 17.

Charles Bull Towle, of Boston, United States consular agent at Saltillo, Mex., is dead.

William A. Newell, congressman from 1847 to 1851, governor of New Jersey in 1856, governor of Washington territory in 1876, and originator of the life-saving service and department of agriculture, died in Allentown, N. J., aged 84 years.

FOREIGN.

Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany died at Friedrichshof surrounded by her family, including the kaiser.

Miguel Malavor, a new Philippine leader, issued a proclamation declaring the war would be continued.

Colombian insurgents and government troops fought for 17 days, then the former exhausted their powder and retired.

Treasures of the ancient kings of Quiche worth millions have been discovered in Guatemala.

The British house of commons was asked to vote \$32,000,000 to aid the Transvaal and Orange River colonies.

Colombian insurgents captured a Panama train carrying an official of the government.

Six weeks of mourning will be observed in Germany out of respect to the late dowager empress.

By the overflowing of the Yangtze river in China over 40,000 persons were drowned.

The total population of Canada, as shown by the new census, is 5,300,000.

The French squadron at Marseilles was ordered to hold itself in readiness to proceed to Turkey to aid in enforcing French claims.

Fears of a widespread plot of European anarchists against the lives of rulers grew out of the recent attack on the dowager empress of Portugal.

President Kruger's mind is said to be failing.

THE STRIKE SITUATION.

The Amalgamated Men Claim to Have Made Gains at McKeesport and Bellaire.

A BRIEF STATEMENT FROM SHAFER.

Perfect Quiet Prevails at the Various Strike Centers, But Chances May Come Later—A Call Sent Out Soliciting Financial Aid For the Strikers.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—The strikers made gains at McKeesport and Bellaire, and report the situation as more favorable to them than on Saturday. At the former place they won the National rolling mill, of the National Tube Co. The men of the Boston rolling mill had already joined the strike, but the impression had been created that the National would not go out. The tube works at McKeesport were started as usual, but it is not clear how long they can be kept going. McKeesport has been developed into a stronghold of the Amalgamated association, and the strike leaders assert that they are completely in control of the situation. At Bellaire more men of the National Steel Co. cast their fortunes with the strikers, and it is believed that the plant will have to close down. It was admitted by steel officials that the strikers had made material gains there, and that the mill would probably be closed down temporarily.

A BRIEF STATEMENT.

President Shaffer Makes a Brief Statement of the Situation.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—President Shaffer made a brief statement at noon. He said: "We have no official information about the situation in the west. I don't believe Vice-President Davis, of Chicago, has accepted a superintendency for the trust, as reported. My only regret is that some men working in the slave pens of the trust had not spirit enough to come out and join the strikers. I will not take any part in calling out the American Federation of Labor. Its action must be voluntary. The Amalgamated has not lost anything, but has made gains."

Secretary Williams said: "I think the greatest surprise of the strike will come to the steel officials when they find we have invaded the Carnegie plant. We have reliable reports to the effect that the lower city mill is tied up, and that but one mill in the upper mill is on. We have not made known our plans, and still have some surprises for the manufacturers."

AN APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

Financial Aid Solicited in Behalf of the Strikers.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—Reports from all the strike centers indicate that perfect order prevails, but it is thought here that clashes are inevitable at the more turbulent places when attempts are made to put non-union men on where the strikers have quit work.

President Shaffer, Secretaries Williams and Tighe, Vice-President Chapelle, National Trustees John Pierce and Ben Davis were at strike headquarters. Mr. Shaffer was in his private office and refused to see any callers. Secretary Williams said: "We are in the fight until an honorable settlement can be reached. We are issuing a call to the general public for financial aid."

The Call for Aid.

Williams gave out copies of the call which reads as follows: "To the Members of Organized Labor—Brethren: As you are undoubtedly aware, the United States Steel corporation is now waging a war against organized labor by making the Amalgamated the subject on which to begin operations. At our last convention it was unanimously decided to ask the United States Steel corporation, when settling their annual scale with the Amalgamated association, to sign or recognize the scale of the Amalgamated association in all their mills. When the matter was broached, the matter was peremptorily refused."

After the holding of several conferences, the demand of our organization was modified so as to take in only the mills of three of their constituent companies, viz. the American Sheet Steel Co., the American Tin Plate Co., and the American Steel Hoop Co., where local lodges had been formed and where the men were very desirous of being union men, and we are now out on strike for recognition.

"In the conferences which were held by the representatives of the United States Steel corporation and the Amalgamated association, the representatives of the United States Steel corporation's only arguments were that they did not desire the Amalgamated association to become too powerful and that they should hold the balance of power. Later conferences were held with the heads of the United States Steel corporation, who submitted a proposition that we sign only for the mills signed last year, with the exception of the sheet mills in Saltsburg and Scottdale, which were signed for the year previously. Their proposition was rejected, as it meant that the Amalgamated association would merely have to remain in a quiescent state, while they were expanding and adding to their non-union possessions."

"They are waging a right for the

extermination of the Amalgamated association and against the workingmen combining a principle which they have demonstrated to the people of the United States they desire themselves, and so persistently refuse to grant us. This blow is not alone directed at the Amalgamated but at organized labor in general, and should they succeed in defeating the Amalgamated association it will affect every organized body in the United States.

"To succeed in this struggle it will be necessary to seek the aid of every organized body as well as the general public whose sympathies we know are with us in the present struggle. To this end we ask that you give us your moral and financial aid. A liberal response financially will materially assist us in conducting a victorious campaign for a principle which is the inalienable right of every American freeman."

"If you desire to aid the Amalgamated association in the present struggle financially, all money should be forwarded to John Williams, Secretary-Treasurer Bissell Block, Pittsburg, Pa."

[Signed] "Fraternally yours, T. J. SHAFER Pres. JOHN WILLIAMS, Secy. Treas. M. F. TIGHE, Assist. Secy. BEN. L. DAVIS, Journal Manager."

President Gompers Close-Mouthed.

Washington, Aug. 12.—President Gompers of the Federation of Labor has returned home from New York but declined absolutely to discuss the strike situation. He said he had not seen Mr. Morgan in New York. Mr. Gompers would not say whether there would or would not be a meeting of the executive council of the federation.

J. Pierpont Morgan at Newport.

New York, Aug. 12.—It was said today at the office of J. P. Morgan that the latter is at Newport, and that his stay there is indefinite.

DEMURRER SUSTAINED.

Judge Zachritz Decides in Favor of the World's Fair Co. in the Injunction Case.

St. Louis, Aug. 12.—The injunction proceeding to restrain the use of Forest park as the site of the World's fair was decided against the plaintiffs Monday by Judge Zachritz.

The court declared the petition defective, and sustained the demurrer of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Co.

The decision is based up the theory that Henry H. Verdes and John Bergheim are not the proper parties to prosecute the suit.

The court says that they do not allege, except in vague words, that they have suffered, or are about to suffer, any more damage than all other citizens of St. Louis.

This being the case, it is said, the legal representative of the state is the proper party to prosecute such a proceeding.

The plaintiffs have not announced whether they will appeal the case.

IRISH REPRESENTATION.

Mr. Chamberlain Said to Be Eager to Reduce Irish Representation in Ireland.

New York, Aug. 12.—Mr. Chamberlain's reference at the Blenheim demonstration to the over-representation of Ireland in the imperial parliament is believed to foreshadow a government bill with the object of correcting the anomalies in representation of the different parts of the United Kingdom, says the London correspondent of the Tribune.

The government, of course, has had no chance of passing such a measure during the present session, but it is well known that Mr. Chamberlain is very eager to reduce the number of Irish members, and if allowed to have his way, the prime minister will announce a redistribution bill in the king's speech at the opening of parliament in 1902.

RUSSIAN EXCLUSIVENESS.

New Illustration of Russia's Determination to Prevent Use of Foreign-Made Goods.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 12.—New illustrations of the determination of the government to prevent the use of foreign-made goods in any public works come to light almost daily. The newspapers this week print circulars from the minister of railways and the minister of education directing attention to orders from the finance ministry against the use of foreign railway materials and educational supplies.

When the required articles can not be had in Russia the higher authorities must be consulted before an order can be given a foreign manufacturer or importer.

TO USE HIS GOOD OFFICES.

The United States Charge D'Affaires at Caracas Will Temporarily Represent Colombia.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Mr. Russell, the American charge d'affaires at Caracas, Venezuela, has been authorized by the state department to use his good offices as the representative of Colombia in case the Colombian minister should withdraw from Venezuela. This is in response to Mr. Russell's request for instructions.

Stephen Ballard Dead.

New York, Aug. 12.—Stephen Ballard, founder of the Ballard school for colored persons, at Lincoln, Ga., is dead at his home in Brooklyn, from a complication of diseases, the result of a stroke of paralysis.

VISITORS AT HOMBURG

The Place Filled With Exalted Personages to Attend Empress Frederick's Funeral.

SIGHT-SEERS THERE, TOO, IN SWARMS.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra Among the Royalties—The Duke of Connaught and Count Von Waldersee Also the Recipients of Public Attention.

New York, Aug. 12.—A dispatch to the Herald from Homburg contains the following additional details regarding the funeral of the dowager empress:

"Each day increases Homburg's exalted personages. At present the tide is at its height. Every window and balcony is filled with spectators eager to see the royal processions."

One group formed a strange, inharmonious contrast with the mourning in the carriages below, the ladies being dressed in bright-colored tea gowns. A large crowd stood in front of Kitter's for a long time. They had nothing to gaze at but the resplendent figure of the kaiser's "Jager," with his plumed hat and green uniform, and Count Von Wedel, the master of the horse, whose imposing figure in the uniform of a colonel of Hussars filled the doorway.

Crowd's Patience Rewarded.

The patience of the crowd was finally rewarded, by a view of King Edward, escorting the empress, and the kaiser with the queen. Their German majesties, after shaking hands warmly with the king and queen, took their places in the royal carriage and drove off to the castle, followed almost immediately by the crown prince, who graciously returned the cordial salutations of the crowd as he drove away.

The king remained for a moment's conversation with Count Von Eulen burg, who soon afterward drove away. Count Von Wedel also took leave of the king.

Other Notables.

A few minutes later the duke of Connaught, deeply sunburned, and wearing the familiar gold-laced undress cap of the guards, stuck jauntily in the side of his head, drove up to the castle with his son to pay an official visit to the kaiser.

Count Von Mirbach, marshal of the kaiser's court, was noticed walking with Dr. Ryander, the court chaplain, who will conduct divine services at Friedrichshof.

In front of the Grand hotel, where Count Von Waldersee is stopping, a large crowd assembled eager to catch a glimpse of the commander-in-chief in China.

Flowers From Admirers.

His rooms are one mass of flowers sent him by admirers. In fact, the crowd is almost as great as around Ritter's hotel, where King Edward is stopping.

In the course of the morning Count Von Buelow, the imperial chancellor called to pay his respects on King Edward.

Reports are current that two dangerous anarchists, known to have been in Frankfurt, have disappeared.

This is said to be the cause of the extraordinary police and military precautions being taken for safety.

One of the latest wreaths received is from Mr. Cecil Rhodes.

DYNAMITE OR GLYCERINE.

One Man Killed and Five Injured by a Mysterious Explosion in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—A dynamite bomb or a bottle of nitro-glycerine, presumably the latter, was exploded in the rear of George Little's saloon on South Clark street late Sunday night, killing one person and injuring five others. The dead man is Vincenzo Alfino, aged 30, whose head was almost blown off, and one man is missing.

The injured.

Ruby Fox, cut about head and body by glass; taken to hospital; may die.

George McConnell, coachman, injured about head and body; will recover.

Peter Diamond, cut about hands and arms.

Thomas Little, bartender, bruised.

Edward Black, bruised.

When the explosion occurred a score or more of persons were in the saloon, but as far as known none besides those mentioned was injured. The rear part of the saloon was wrecked.

While mystery surrounds the affair, the police are inclined to believe that the man who was killed caused the explosion. He was jealous of McConnell's attentions to Ruby Fox.

Killed by an Angry Negro.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 12.—M. D. Taylor, a well-known citizen of Knox county, was killed at his home, ten miles from Knoxville, Sunday, by Will Hollins, a negro. Taylor reprimanded the negro for striking his nine-year-old boy, and Hollins crushed in his skull with a brickbat. Hollins escaped.

Annexation Sentiment in Cuba.

New York, Aug. 12.—Reports received from Havana indicate that, as the Cubans realize the importance and magnitude of the task which they are attempting in the formation of an independent republic, sentiment in favor of annexation to the United States increases.

FRANK D. ARCHER WANTED.

An Ohio State Senator Charged With Misrepresenting His Financial Standing.

Columbus, O., Aug. 12.—Application for a requisition from the governor of Indiana was received at the office of Gov. Nash for State Senator Frank D. Archer, of Belmont county, O. It is claimed that he misrepresented his financial standing to two Bedford (Ind.) men, who went on a street improving bond, and as a result were compelled to stand good for \$2,000. An effort was made to keep the matter secret here. Gov. Nash refused the application, on the ground that the evidence submitted was insufficient.

Destructive Timber Fires.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 12.—The most severe forest fires known in several years are raging in several parts of the great timber belt lying west of the Cascade mountains, in Washington. They are especially fierce between Lake Sammanish and the Snoqualmie river, and many lumber camps there are in danger.

New York Police Scandal.

New York, Aug. 12.—Official New York is badly stirred up by the disclosures pointing directly to collusion between the police department and the gambling house keepers, the latter paying tribute to the former for protection and receiving official tips in advance of contemplated raids.

Andries Wessels Released.

London, Aug. 12.—Lord Kitchener has cabled a confirmation of the report of the release of the peace envoy Andries Wessels, who was said to have been shot. Wessels was a prisoner in Gen. Cellier's hands, near Koofontein, which the British recently surprised and captured.

Jealously and Murder.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 12.—Joseph I. Adams, living at 1530 Kent street, shot and instantly killed his wife and crippled a man named Charles Houck at the Cedar avenue entrance to Druid Hill park. Adams made his escape. It is said jealousy led to the shooting.

The Serbian Elections.

Belgrade, Aug. 12.—The second ballots in the elections which it was found necessary to hold in 38 districts, have been completed. The skupshtina consists of 110 ministerialists of whom 84 are radicals and 26 independents and liberals.

Charged With Wife Murder.

Washington, Ind., Aug. 12.—Frank Purcell, accused by his 14-year-old son of killing his wife on the night of their daughter's marriage

The ILLNESS of ELLIOT

"I DON'T know what's the matter with me," said Elliot to his wife at the breakfast table. "I am restless and almost feverish at times. It isn't so bad here at home, but the moment I get down into the city I begin to feel worse. I am so restless and irritable that the boys in the office are talking about it. I have to force myself to work, and this afternoon I lost a good contract simply because I felt too badly to quarrel with old man Harkins over the preliminaries. I don't seem to take any interest in anything."

"You'd better see Dr. Robinson," said his wife.

That afternoon Elliot went over to the doctor's office and described his symptoms to the sympathetic physician.

"There don't seem to be anything definite the matter with you," said the doctor. "We'll wait and see what develops. Come in and see me again in a week."

Going home that evening on the train Elliot sat in front of two young men who were talking so ear-



HE MADE VICIOUS LUNGES ABOUT THE OFFICE.

nestly that he could not fail to overhear what they were saying.

"—fought for 30 minutes," was the first thing that caught his ear, "and when I landed him he weighed four pounds and a half."

"Large mouth?" inquired the second youth.

"No, indeed. He had a small mouth and the gamiest fish I ever got a hook into."

"When are you going up?" asked the first man.

"I'm going on Wednesday evening to spend four days. You see, Thursday's Memorial day, and we close at noon on Saturday anyway, so I'll only lose a day and a half, and I can get four days' good fishing out of it."

That evening when Elliot got home he took down the big tin box which contained his fishing tackle and overhauled its contents. There was a delightful memory in every reel and spoon hook. He oiled up his favorite multiplier and fitted together his pet bamboo casting rod. His wife had to call him several times to come to dinner, and when he came she noticed that he seemed to eat with a better appetite.

"How do you feel to-night, William?" she asked.

"I believe I feel a little better," he said. "The doctor says he thinks I need out-of-door exercise, and I think I'll stop in the morning on my way downtown and make a few casts at the pool in Garfield park. But he couldn't decide what was the matter with me. I'm to see him again in a week."

But when Elliot got to his office shortly before noon the next day he seemed to have suffered a relapse. He had spent an hour casting a rubber frog at the pool in Garfield park and there was an unnatural color in his cheeks. He was even more distraught and nervous than before, and several times during the afternoon he got up from the desk, and, seizing the light bamboo rod by the butt, made vicious lunges about the office with it and then smiled complacently to himself. His partner looking on in wonder half questioned whether or not poor Elliot was mentally affected.

Elliot left the office early and visited a big downtown fish market, where he bought half a dozen black bass, an eight-pound pickerel and a "mess of croppies." When Mrs. Elliot remonstrated with her husband for bringing home such a wholesale supply of fish he was inclined to be angry.

"You know well enough," he said, "that I have no appetite. I can't eat a thing, and I'm losing flesh. You ought to be glad if I can find something which appeals to me. You seem to think there's nothing the matter with me. But I know I'm in a serious condition. I'm nervous and restless. I've lost interest in my business, and the doctor is utterly unable to diagnose the case. And here you are kicking because I bring home a few fish. You ought to be ashamed of yourself. Now let's have the croppies fried for breakfast—I don't suppose they'll taste like anything—and the pickerel baked for dinner."

When Elliot went to the doctor the

second time he felt that he was fast going into a decline. The physician listened to him and then made a thorough and searching examination.

"It's strange, Elliot," he said, finally, "but I can't tell for the life of me what's the matter with you. You are certainly suffering from an extremely obscure disease. I'll give you a tonic, and I want you to telephone me as soon as you notice any new symptoms."

The next day was the Wednesday before Memorial day, and when Elliot got to his office he found among the mail on his desk a somewhat dirty and crumpled letter which was postmarked at a logging town in the big woods of northern Wisconsin. For some reason he laid aside much more important business letters bearing on some big contracts and tore open this disreputable envelope. It contained a sheet of paper evidently torn from an old account book, and the writing was painfully crooked and laborious.

"Mr. William Elliot, Esq.," it began. "Dear Bill: I thought I would write you a letter to let you know that the muskies are biting like the devil this spring in the south fork of the Flambeau. The ice has all been out for three weeks, and me and Murph have just come back from poling up to the lake. We caught a 18-pound cuss at the foot of Little Bull rapids, and up at Fishtrap we got about a dozen big pike in half an hour. There has been high water this spring in all the lakes, so the fish could get up through the creeks, and I miss my guess if they ain't the best fishing this spring we ever seen in this country."

"Say, you remember that bunch of bass we pulled out of them sunk tree-tops at the mouth of Squaw creek? Me and Murph stopped there last Friday and we yanked 18 out in 20 minutes. And we got a lot of strikes casting around the shore near the Pork Barrel with frogs the next morning."

"Murph and me has both got a new canoe, extra wide and 30 feet long. We pinched the trees down on the reservation this winter and got 'em down the river without the Injuns ever gettin' on to us."

"If you're thinkin' about coming up this spring you better bring about eight dozen frogs along and mebbe you better send me a telegraph message, so I kin get everything all ready. Ed Johnson was over from Milwaukee already and had a good ketch. Well, good-by, until I see you again, frum

"Andy, the 'bum guide.'"

Elliot read the letter over again. Then he laid it down on his desk and walked over to his partner's desk.

"Frawlett," he said, "I've just found out what's the matter with me. I'm suffering from a severe attack of muskellunge on the brain. I've been to the best doctor in town, but he couldn't do a thing for me—didn't even know what was the matter with me. Just now I got a letter



"I GOT TO GET MY HOOK IN A MUSKY."

from my old north woods guide, 'Andy,' and he diagnoses my case to the dot. He says muskies are biting like the devil this spring, and he says if I'm coming up this spring to wire him. I've sent him a message already and I'm going up to-morrow night to stay over Sunday. To-morrow's a holiday, anyhow, and we close at noon on Saturday, so I'll only lose half a day. I want to go fishing—that's what's the matter with me. I got to get my hook in a musky. I'm feeling like a different man already."

When Elliot told his wife about it that evening she smiled indulgently.

"I thought that was what was the matter with you," she said, "but I knew you'd be furious if I should suggest it. Anyway, I'm relieved to know it is nothing more serious."—Chicago Tribune.

Too Often They Don't.

"It's getting so a man can't keep a dog around the house any more," commented the dog owner bitterly after reading the rules and regulations for dog days.

"Oh, yes, he can—if he keeps him around the house," was the reply. "The trouble is dogs are too often kept on the streets or in the neighbors' yards."—Chicago Post.

BACTERIA IN COFFEE.

Ohio Grocer Convicted of Violating the Pure Food Laws of the State.

Toledo, Aug. 6.—The jury in Judge Meek's court in this city has found James White, a local grocer, guilty of selling adulterated coffee. The prosecution was based on a package of Arbuckle's Ariosa coffee.

The State of Ohio, through the Pure Food Commission, prosecuted White. The case was on trial for nearly a month and attracted national attention.

The manufacturers of Ariosa coffee conducted the defense for Grocer White. The best attorneys in the country were retained to defend him but, after a short consultation, a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury. The State of Ohio considers this a big victory. Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn has been waging a warfare on spurious food articles and the department has been very successful.

The complaint of the State of Ohio was that Ariosa coffee was coated with a substance which concealed defects in the coffee and made it appear better than it is. The State charged that this coating or glazing was a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria.

Prof. G. A. Kirchmaier, of this city, a well-known chemist, was the principal witness for the State. He had made scientific examinations of samples of Ariosa purchased in the open market from Grocer White. He found that each Ariosa berry contained an average of 300 bacteria. Mr. Kirchmaier further testified that other coffees he examined contained few bacteria or none at all. He declared that the glazed coffee was not a wholesome food product.

Chemist Schmidt, of Cincinnati, corroborated the testimony of Prof. Kirchmaier. The State did not present further testimony.

The defense, through the Arbuckles, who prepare this glazed coffee, secured some of the most eminent chemists and scientists in the United States to give testimony in their behalf. Prof. H. W. Wiley, of the United States Agricultural Department; Prof. Vaughn, of Ann Arbor University; Prof. Bleile and Webster, of the Ohio State University, were called to defend Ariosa. Dr. Wiley had made a careful examination of the method of manufacturing Ariosa. He told of the 19,000,000 eggs used by the Arbuckles yearly in the preparation of this glazing. On this point in cross examination, the State's attorneys deftly drew from him the information that these eggs might be kept in cold storage by the Arbuckles for a year or two at a time.

The experts who heard Dr. Wiley's testimony were pleased to be able to "catch" so famous a chemist. The doctor at one point in his testimony explained very clearly how it is that the egg put into the coffee pot by the housewife settles the coffee. He said that the heat coagulates the egg, and as it sinks to the bottom of the pot it carries the fine particles of the coffee with it, and thus clarifies the drink. "It is the act of coagulation in the coffee pot that does the work. Later on in his cross examination, he had to admit that when the egg was put on Ariosa coffee at the factory, it became coagulated, and as egg cannot be coagulated but once, that the coating on coffee was of practically no value as a "settler" when it reached the coffee pot.

Prof. Wiley acknowledged that the glazing might be a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria, although he would not testify positively either way because he was not a bacteriologist.

Prof. Vaughn, of Ann Arbor University, also a witness for the Arbuckles, said he found bacteria on Ariosa coffee.

Prof. Bleile, another witness for the defense, found any number of lively bacteria on the Ariosa coffee he examined, and he agreed that glazed coffee surely was a more favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria than unglazed coffee.

The verdict of the jury in this case is of national importance because a great many other states have Pure Food Laws like that of Ohio, and it is natural to suppose that similar action will be taken by other Pure Food Commissioners to prevent the sale of glazed coffees.

Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn says: "The State is very much elated over its victory against this big corporation. We are now considering the advisability of informing every grocer in the State of Ohio that it is an infraction of the laws to sell Ariosa, and at the same time give warning to consumers that the coffee is an adulterated food article."

Mrs. Chips.—This horseless carriage is bound to be a success.

Mrs. Bare.—What makes you think so?

Mrs. Chips.—Why, just think of the number of persons there are in the world who can't afford to keep a horse.—Tit-Bits.

Not Up to Cookery Slang.

When on one of the recent hot days the lady of the house sent her maid out to do the marketing, she admonished her to get everything fresh, and said:

"Now, Mary, get some string beans. Break one of them to see if they are fresh, and get two pounds of tripe, and pinch the tripe."

Mary looked indignant, and then blurted out:

"Sure, I wasn't brought up that way. Ma'am, and if you want anything pinched, you'll have to go out and do it yourself."—New York Times.

ARRIVAL OF SHAMROCK II.

Sir Thomas Lipton's Cup Challenger Safely Anchored at Tompkinsville.

RECEIVED AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME.

A cursory glance at the craft gives her the appearance of being the fastest boat ever turned out in British waters—fears Columbia more than Independence.

New York, Aug. 12.—The new America's cup challenger, Shamrock II., lay at anchor off Sandy Hook lightship all night, and in the morning was towed up the bay to Tompkinsville, Staten Island. She will be taken at once to Erie basin, where she will be stripped and her racing mast stepped. Her spars are ready, and there will be no delay in getting her into racing trim. Whether she will go into drydock to have her underbody cleaned before her trials outside is not yet known.

Received a Lively Welcome.

The challenger of 1901 received a lively and enthusiastic welcome from every craft in the harbor as she came up the bay in tow of the tug Robert Haddon. The skippers of the tugs loosed their whistles, and the New York hailed a salute with her siren. The Erin acknowledged the salute with three deep blasts. It was at her anchorage overlooking the field where she is to give battle, in September, to the defender of the cup that the yachting sharps had their first glimpse of the new challenger by daylight. The grace and beauty of the lines of her slender body were marred by her cumbersome cruising rig and the litter and confusion on her deck as her crew were preparing to weigh anchor. But one glance was sufficient to convince the experts that Watson had built a much handsomer boat than the old Shamrock.

She Looks Fast.

She looks the fastest boat ever turned out in British waters. One of her beauties is Watson's peculiar tilt of the counter. There is no flattening or tumble home along the top-sides, and her great overhang gives her the appearance of speed. She was painted green like the Irish knight's first challenger, but the paint on the sides of her upper works had been scraped off in many places by the seas she had encountered, and these spots showed the manganese bronze of which she is constructed. She raised her anchor and took the two-line from the Haddon at 5:30.

The Trip Up the Bay.

As she came up the bay the crew of the Shamrock, in dark blue sweaters and white trousers and hats, lounged along her deck, disdaining oilskins to protect them from the dashes of rain that fell at intervals.

After leaving quarantine the noise and din of saluting whistles became louder. Every craft steamed as close as possible to get a better view of the boat. Hardly had her anchor hit the bottom off Tompkinsville before throngs appeared on hill and pierhead to study her lines with their glasses.

Was Towed Two-Thirds of the Way.

Capt. Hamilton, navigating officer of the Shamrock, stated to a press representative that the yacht had been towed, about two-thirds of the way from the Azores.

Prevailing winds south-southwest gave them a fair wind all the way. They got in to the tail-end of an easterly gale August 4 and carried away two topsail sheets. That was the only mishap of the voyage.

Time of the Voyage.

The total length of the voyage was 3,769 miles, and the actual running time 14 days 9 hours and 45 minutes.

Capt. Sycamore, who is to have absolute charge of the Shamrock II. in the races, gave it as his opinion that the Columbia is a better boat than the Constitution.

Capt. Wm. Matthews, the commander of the Erwin, said: "We fear the Columbia more than we do the Constitution."

THE PROTOCOL AGREED UPON.

The State Department notified that the final Protocol With China Has Been Agreed Upon.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The state department has received a cablegram from Mr. Rockhill, at Peking, reporting that the draft of the final protocol has been agreed upon. A tariff of five per cent. ad valorem, effective, will be put in force two months after the signing of the final protocol excepting on goods shipped within ten days after signing, and will continue until the conversion to specific rates has been effected by the expert commission. The Chinese free list will include rice, foreign cereals and flour, gold and silver bullion and coin. This inclusion of corn in the free list is of much importance, particularly to Pacific coast shippers.

Three Persons Drowned.

Newcastle, Ont., Aug. 12.—Easton Beacham, manager of the Park and Tilford grocery store, New York, and Charles and John Farncomb, aged 18 and 16 years, sons of Canon Farncomb, of this place, were drowned here while bathing in Lake Ontario.

Boys Training For the Navy.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 12.—Reports to the navy department show that there are now here 1,100 boys in training for the navy. This is the largest number ever assembled for instruction purposes in the history of the service.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

M. K. Goetz, a millionaire brewer of St. Joseph, died Sunday.

America's trade with Germany has doubled in the last five years. It is said the Armour's are endeavoring to absorb the entire Missouri apple crop.

Daniel J. Morrison, of Moselle, Mo., was run down and killed by a St. Louis street car.

Requiem services for the late Dowager Empress Frederick were held at Cronberg Sunday.

The Denver house and Stuart hotel, at Clinton, Ill., were burned to ashes Sunday afternoon.

The drought has caused the abandonment of the Centralia (Mo.) fair, and the Carlyle (Ill.) carnival.

Shamrock II., Sir Thomas Lipton's second cup hunter, arrived inside Sandy Hook lightship Sunday night.

Wall street seers predict an era of careful dealing, owing to the uncertainty of crops and the pending steel strike.

Chester A. Asher, a farmer of Allen county, Ind., swallowed nearly half a pint of carbolic acid and died in terrible agony.

Mrs. Frances Dinler, aged 76 years, of one of the oldest and most prominent families in Monroe county, Ill., died Sunday.

Mrs. George F. Ireland, noted for her works of philanthropy, died at Cincinnati from the effects of a fall from a street car.

A gold brick, valued at \$20,000, shipped from Ungar, Alaska, to San Francisco, has failed to arrive and an investigation has been started.

J. R. Wood, winner of the first prize in the Lawton land office, has appealed to the military authorities to drive squatters from his homestead.

Henry Tenhikken, aged 19, employed by the Lothman Sash and Door Co., at St. Louis, has been missing since Saturday's fire, and it is feared he perished.

Col. Skinner, of the British army, states that since the outbreak of the Boer war England has invested \$5,000,000 in Kansas and Missouri horses and mules.

Thos. Gibbons, a plasterer of St. Louis, was fatally injured at Bloomington, Ill., while attempting to board an Alton freight train for Chicago. His skull was crushed.

Dr. Newton Sedwig Read, born in Ohio, prominent in the medical profession in central Illinois, since 1852, identified with early history of Cass county, died Sunday, aged 81 years.

George H. Phillips has found \$194,000 he did not know he had and will resume business. The discovery of slight errors in the books found the money. One was an error of an even \$100,000.

The Waters-Pierce oilhouse and tank at Lebanon, Mo., were burned Sunday evening. The oilhouse contained 15 barrels of oil and four barrels of gasoline, and the tank contained 4,000 gallons of oil.

MAY BE AN ESCAPED CONVICT.

The California Bullion Robber Thought to Be an Escaped Kansas Convict.

Leavenworth, Kas., Aug. 12.—John Winters, the man who stole \$280,000 in gold bars from the Selby smelting works near San Francisco, is thought to be an escaped convict from the Kansas state penitentiary. The records there show that "John Winters" escaped from the institution June 6, 1899, while working on the prison farm. He was sent up from Cloud county, Kas., for burglary, and had four weeks yet to serve.

FOR MURDER IN CHINATOWN.

Ah Woocy, a Chinese Gambler, Held for Trial at Vancouver for Killing Countrymen.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 12.—A Chinese gambler named Ah Woocy was Sunday night, committed for trial for the murder of four Chinese who were hacked to death by an ax by Quong, another Chinaman, last month. A third Chinaman says he heard Woocy and Quong discussing the plan of the murder. Woocy offered Quong \$200 of he would kill two or more of them. Quong confessed to committing the crime.

STRUCK OFF MINOT'S LIGHT.

The Plant Line Steamer So Badly Damaged that She Had to be Beached to Save Her.

Boston, Aug. 12.—The Plant line steamer Halifax, Capt. Pye, from Charlottetown, Port Hawkesbury and Halifax, N. S., struck a ledge off Minot's light, while coming into port, in a thick fog. She freed herself, however, and was beached in a sinking condition. Tugs and lighters have gone from here for passengers and baggage.

Ex-Premier Crispi Dead.

Rome, Aug. 12.—Ex-Prime Minister Crispi of Italy died at Naples, on the evening of the 11th, surrounded by members of his family and intimate friends. He had been in a comatose condition during the entire day, and died without uttering a word.

Sudden Death.

Iserlin, Aug. 12.—Edmund Z. Brodowski, United States consul at Solingen, died suddenly yesterday morning at the house of a friend, a surveyor named Kubiski, in Eberswalde.

Post Office Burglarized.

San Mateo, Cal., Aug. 12.—The post-office in this town was entered just before daylight by a burglar, who blew open the safe with dynamite and made good his escape, with \$150.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

The Carrollton (Miss.) Lynching.

The following was sent from Jackson, Miss., to a St. Louis paper:

The lynching of three negroes at Carrollton is denounced by press and people as the most disgraceful affair that ever occurred in the state, and it is such a thing as justice is obtainable in the county Gov. Longino is determined that the lynchers shall not go unpunished. Such open and brazen-faced defiance of law and the constituted authorities was never before experienced in the state. The circuit judge of the district, whose home is in Carrollton, appealed to the leaders of the mob, with tears in his eyes, to let the law take its course; the district attorney and the judge threw their arms about the necks of the leaders of the mob and begged them to spare the lives of the negroes, but their pleadings fell upon deaf ears. The worst feature of the lynching was that the negroes were not even suspected of having committed the horrible murder the mob was formed to avenge—they were suspected of guilty knowledge, and the chances are that if permitted to live they would have told all they knew. Gov. Longino did all in his power to stop the lynching, but it seems to have been done largely with a view to defying the chief executive of the state as for any other reason. His special train had whistled for the Carrollton depot when the ropes were drawn and the bodies of the miserable wretches, two women and a man, were riddled with bullets. The governor drove up in his car a few minutes later, and was informed he had come too late. He made the assembled multitude a speech, in which he told them just what he thought of lynchers, and was cheered to the echo. He learned that only about fifty men participated actively in the lynching, while there were several hundred in the little town. The sheriff of the county did not do anything towards putting down the mob, declining even to call for troops after the governor had wired him from Jackson, that he could have them if needed. The governor had no authority to call out the troops unless the civil authorities of the county asked for them, and that they failed to do so. The disgraceful affair will be thoroughly investigated by the courts, and it is believed there that convictions will follow. The judge and the district attorney and all other officials of the county were eye-witnesses to the lynchings, and the governor has suggested that the judge and the state's attorney vacate their respective offices for the Carroll term and have themselves put on the witness stand. That course will put the matter right jam up to the grand and petit juries, and they can hardly fail to do their duty.

Children Killed By Snakes.

Three violent deaths occurred near Uniontown, 20 miles west of Van Buren, Ark. Mrs. A. Brown left her two little children, aged 3 and 5 years at the house while she took her smaller babe with her to the creek near by to do the family washing. Hearing the children screaming, she ran to the house to find them in the grasp of two monster rattlesnakes. At her approach the snakes crawled under the house. The children died before aid could be summoned. She then ran to the wash place for her only remaining child, only to find it had awakened and rolled into the creek and drowned. The snakes were found under the house and killed.

Gen. Richard L. Page Dead.

Gen. Richard L. Page died at his summer home at Blue Ridge Summit, Va., aged 94. He became a midshipman in the United States navy in 1824. In 1861 he resigned his commission as commander in the United States navy and joined the confederate service. He was commissioned brigadier general in 1863. He commanded the outer defenses of Mobile bay at Fort Morgan, and with 400 men held Farragut's fleet at bay for two weeks. Gen. Page was a brother-in-law of Charles Lee, attorney general in Washington's administration, and of "Light Horse" Harry Lee, the father of Robert E. Lee.

Killed Newton Riley.

Al Tumblin shot and killed Newton Riley, aged 18, in Sexton's drug store at Paducah, Ky. Riley was shot four times in the body. Both lived at Kuttawa and are prominent. Kuttawa and Eddyville played a game of baseball, and during the game Tumblin "rooted" for Eddyville and Riley for Kuttawa. They engaged in a fight, but later shook hands and made up. Later Tumblin walked into Sexton's drug store and shot Riley. Tumblin escaped to the woods.

Gold Strike in Georgia.

Samples of ore and gold, accompanied by regularly-attested affidavits have been received in Atlanta, showing a remarkably rich strike of gold in Wilkes county, near Washington Ga. The affidavits show that out of 1,407 pounds of ore and walls 1.78 pennyweights of gold were taken by amalgamation. This lump of gold accompanied the affidavits.

New City Hall for Vicksburg.

At a special meeting of the Vicksburg (Miss.) city council Messrs. Davis, Larkin & Co., of Chicago, were awarded the contract for the construction of a new city hall, the price being \$42,140.

Killing at Jackson, Miss.

William J. Ligon, sanitary inspector of Jackson, Miss., shot and killed David Shelton, at that town, they having quarreled about the report on the condition of Shelton's premises.

Capt. George W. Batt Dead.

Capt. George W. Platt, aged 65, died at the King's Daughters' home, Greenville, Miss. He was buried by the W. A. Percy camp, Confederate Veterans.

Two Boys Drowned.

James Harless and John Rust, boys about 18, were drowned in the Holston river, which they were attempting to ford, near Bristol, Tenn.

Crushed to Death.

C. E. Toney was crushed to death by a car in a mine at Crudup, Ala. He was a farmer, and had gone into the mine to see his brother.

The Cotton Crop.

The government's report shows the average condition of cotton on July 25 to have been 77.2, a decline of four points in a month.

Crushed to Death by a Street Car.

Miss Carrie Jones, aged 20, daughter of former Gov. Jones, of Alabama, was crushed to death by a street car at Montgomery.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, - Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce
J. G. ROCHESTER
a candidate for re-election as County Judge of the Crittenden County Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce
WILLIAM H. CLARK
a candidate for County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party. He will greatly appreciate your support.

We are authorized to announce
GEORGE D. KEMP
a candidate for Jailer of Crittenden County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
J. P. SAMUELS
a candidate for Assessor of Crittenden County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

A company has been organized to corner the limestone output of the country. The trusts and corners are pushing their business to such an extent that his satanic majesty will find his supply of brimstone in the hands of the experts some of these days, and unless he is a better law-maker than the people of this country, he will not be able to run his business without paying tribute to the trusts.

Hon. Ollie James, one of the First District's Democratic idols, was in the city Saturday night en route home from attending the convention at Bardwell. He remained over several hours. To a Leader representative he stated that he had visited many portions of the district and had found the prospect very bright, and had met with more encouragement than he had expected. He will make the race for Congress to succeed Chas. Wheeler, and will begin an active canvass at an early date. He will stump every section of the district with his opponents.—Fulton Ledger.

The Towne and Johnson interviews, so gleefully published in the papers that have always fought Mr. Bryan, turn out to be fakes. The Nebraskan is so obstinate that he will not wobble hither and thither, so his enemies in his party, in their endeavor to shatter the confidence the people have in him concoct interviews and invent stories and scatter them broadcast, hoping thereby to weaken him. But in the end their shafts fall like spent arrows at his feet, and his traducers find their power to thus injure curtailed. Mr. Bryan remains the one man before the people who gives ocular demonstration that he had rather be right than be president.

Roll of Honor.

Since our last issue the following have paid up and renewed their subscriptions to the PRESS:
F. M. Daniel, Mattoon.
Mrs. Marion Barnes, Salem.
Dr. Ed. Davenport, Hampton.
H. A. Hodge, Louisville.
Smith Hunt, Clarksville, Miss.
J. W. Shreeves, Tenn.
P. E. Kirk, Waters, Ky.
D. W. Stone, Tolu.
Forrest Harris, Tolu.
L. A. Weldon, "
Wm. Barnett, Tolu.
Minnie Wartord, Tolu.
John R. Drake, "
V. D. Ashley, Weston.
Ira M. Wood, Mattoon.
D. N. Stinson, Norris City, Ill.
Robt L. Flanary, Marion.
W. H. Hardesty, Hardesty.
P. M. McGraw, Joy, Ky.
Ed. Walker, Dallas, Tex.

Town Lots for Sale,

I have a number of choice building lots in Marion for sale.
Charles Evans.

THE GRIM REAPER

Continues His Work...Neither Age Nor Youth is Spared.

James Lemon died at his home in this city on Aug. 7th, after suffering with typhoid fever for several weeks. The funeral was conducted Thursday afternoon at Piney church, and the remains were laid to rest in the cemetery at that place. A wife and three small children are left to mourn the loss of husband and father. Mr. Lemon was engaged in the blacksmith business. He was an honest and industrious young man, popular with all who knew him.

Mr. Mace Ringo died at his home in this city Friday night. His death was the result of injuries received while at work in a sawmill several weeks ago. The readers of the PRESS are familiar with the details of the accident. Mr. Ringo was sharpening the large saw when the machinery was started and he was frightfully injured. The accident occurred in Union county. Funeral services were held at the residence Sunday afternoon, and the remains were taken to Union county for burial. Mr. Ringo came to this city from Union county several months ago, and was the proprietor of the Ringo House. He was an upright christian gentleman.

Miss Etta Andrews died Tuesday morning, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Bell Andrews, residing near Piney camp grounds. She had just returned from a visit to friends in North Carolina. She was nineteen years old and was a most lovable young lady.

The infant daughter of Jailer A. S. Hard died Tuesday morning. The remains were laid to rest in the new cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

THE POPULISTS

Will Not Put Out a Candidate for the Legislature.

Monday the Populist committee met in this city. The following is the report of the meeting furnished the Press by Secretary Cardin:

Aug. 12, 1901.

Pursuant to call the Populist Committee met in Marion Monday, and decided not to put out a candidate for the Legislature, nor candidates for the county offices, but recommend bringing out a candidate for the State Senate, from this Senatorial district. And we further recommend Thomas N. Davis, of Webster county, as a suitable candidate for this district, and pledge our support to him and urge him to make the race.

The committee then adjourned.
W. H. Brown, Ch'n.
A. H. Cardin, Sec'y.

Ohio River Association.

Rev J. S. Henry filled his pulpit at Grand Rivers Sunday. He says the people there are making arrangements for the Ohio River Association which convenes at that place Wednesday, Aug. 21. "Our old friend," said he, "Hon. Jeff Nichols, is making his arrangements to entertain the Marion delegation, so you may say to our delegation that it will fall into the hands of a host who knows how to entertain in the old Kentucky style."

Marriage License.

Aug. 3d. Hizzie Simmons to Miss Ora Turpin.
Aug. 11th. W. F. Lamb and Miss Ada Lamb.
Aug. 11. Wm Bevel and Miss Emma J. Drennan.
Aug. 13th. Edgar F. Moore and Miss Mollie G. Johnson.
Aug. 13. B. S. Driver and Miss Matilda Everline.

"PAP" GRADY

Celebrated His 99th Birthday...Still a Vigorous Old Man.

"Pap" Grady, father of Mr. R. N. Grady, residing near Weston, celebrated his ninety-ninth birthday Friday, at the home of his son. He is the oldest man in the county, and probably the oldest man in Western Kentucky. The old gentleman is by no means in a helpless condition. He can walk, briskly, shaves himself and his eyes have not failed him, being able to read without the aid of glasses. His memory is excellent and he often relates incidents that occurred when the nineteenth century was in its infancy. The old man, who has seen the snows of ninety nine winths, and enjoyed the pleasures of as many summers, is still hale and hearty, and enters upon his journey towards the hundredth milestone of his existence with bright prospects of safely reaching the century mark.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

The Machinery is Here and Plant will Soon be in Operation.

The machinery for the Electric Light Plant reached this city a few days ago. The power house is complete, and the work of wiring the business houses and residences will begin at once, and the plant will be in operation in a few weeks. The rates are very reasonable indeed. The rates for business houses are as follows: Less than three lights 75 cts. each. Three or more, 60 cents. Ten or more, 50 cents. For residences: Three or more, 33 1/2 cents. Ten or more 30 cents each. The strength of the ordinary light will be sixteen candle power; however, lights of greater power can be secured. The streets of the city are to be lighted with eighteen arc lights. Mr. Will Crawford will be the manager of the plant. He is a most enterprising and accommodating young man, and will doubtless make a popular manager.

COUNCILMEN RESIGN.

Dixon, Henry, Cannan, Tender Resignations Tuesday.

At the meeting of the city council Tuesday night, councilmen, W. D. Cannan, J. O. Dixon and Sam Henry tendered their resignations and the following gentlemen were selected to fill the vacancies: Geo. Gray, Thos Cochran and Geo. M. Crider.

Mr. Cannan is no longer a resident of Marion, Dr Dixon is a stockholder in the Electric Light Company, and Mr. Henry is interested in the work of grading the streets. For these reasons their resignations were tendered.

Deeds Recorded.

Thos J. Perryman to Martin E. Arflack, 140 acres on Hoods creek for \$800.
Mrs. Mollie Robinson to C. G. Moreland, 5 acres land for \$105.
W. M. Clark and G. M. Russell, trustees, to J. W. Blue, lot in Marion for \$342.75.

To Whom It May Concern.

William H. and Jesse B. Millikan, my sons, continue to leave my home and stay away without my consent. After this day any person employing them, or allowing them to stay with them, will be prosecuted.
H. A. Millikan.
August 12, 1901.

I have a cottage house with four rooms and hall, in desirable section of the town for sale. Large lot and good improvements.
J. W. Blue, Jr.

BRUTAL MURDER

At Kuttawa Thursday Night--Murderer Still at Large.

Al Tumblin shot and killed Newton Riley, aged 18 years, at 8 o'clock, in Sexton's drug store, in Kuttawa.

The deplorable affair was caused by a quarrel between the two over a game of baseball played Wednesday between Kuttawa and Eddyville at the former place. A few blows were passed. After the fight they shook hands and made up and it was supposed the two were friends.

Thursday Riley was sitting in Sexton's drug store when Tumblin walked in and said to him, "I'm going to kill you," and pulling out a revolver fired five shots, four of the balls taking effect in Riley's body, who fell to the floor and immediately expired.

Tumblin dashed out of the door after the tragedy and escaped to the hills.

Newton Riley was the son of J. N. Riley, one of the most highly respected men of Kuttawa, and his mother is well and favorably known, being in the millinery business there.

Tumblin was a man fifty years of age and an employe of the Illinois Central railroad. He has a wife and several children.

The murderer has not been captured. A rigid search has been made for him but thus far it has been unsuccessful. The tragedy has created intense excitement.

THE PROPOSED R. R.

From Carrsville to St. Louis Still Under Consideration.

Says the Eddyville Tale of Two cities: "Mr E. M. Barnes of Cleveland, Ohio, representing the syndicate that is undertaking to build the mineral belt line from Carrsville, on the Ohio river, through Livingston, Crittenden, Lyon and Trigg counties to form a part of the through line from St. Louis to Norfolk, Va., met the Eddyville Commercial Club Monday afternoon and submitted a proposition to build the road through the city of Eddyville. His proposition was referred to the Advisory Board of the club and they now have it under advisement. The club is negotiating with Mr. Barnes and it is hoped that such arrangement may be made that the people can accept and that we will soon have the road. Such a road would develop the resources of this county, as nothing else under the sun would."

County Court Orders.

W. J. Hill qualified as administrator of the estate of P. G. Phillips.

Francis W. Conger, a minor and son of the late P. W. Conger was bound and apprenticed to John B. Paris.

W. H. Crow qualified as administrator of the estate of James E. Lemon, deceased.

W. B. Binley was appointed as guardian for Wm. Bevel.

W. D. Humphrey, a licensed minister of the Methodist church, south, was authorized to solemnize the rites of matrimony.

T. C. Owens was released as master of Edgie Gaines.

The following road overseers were appointed: James A. Hill and M. M. Tabor.

Chas Walker filed petition asking for a change in the Salem-Siloam road.

W. H. Clark filed petition asking for the opening of a road from Blooming Grove school house to old ford on Deer Creek.

Southdown Lambs.

I have a few thoroughbred Southdown buck lambs for sale. They are good ones.
A. H. Cardin.

DR. H. F. RAY, The Osteopath

Treats all chronic diseases
Without Faith, Drugs or knife.

Osteopathy is "THE DRUGLESS SCIENCE." Consultation free at office. Charges only \$25.00 per month. Money due when the treatment begins. Further information gladly given either in person or by mail.

H. F. RAY, D. O., MARION, KY.

R. F. DORR, FUNERAL DIRECTOR and EMBALMER.

Complete stock of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes and Slippers. Fine Hearse for funeral occasions. Prompt attention given all orders, day or night.

Picture Frames Made to Order.

Marion, Ky

Mrs. Ellen Williams.

Mrs. Ellen Williams, daughter of B. W. and Mary M. Belt, was born January 1st, 1880, died July 13th, 1901. United in marriage with John B. Williams April 9th, 1899. Was a member of Pleasant Grove General Baptist church, and lived a devoted christian life. Her parents desire to thank Mr. and Mrs. Mark Ford, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Clark, Henry Paris and wife, Mrs. Mary Beit and others for kindness shown to their daughter in her last illness. She leaves father, mother, one child and five sisters to mourn her loss.
Her Pastor.

Lots for Sale.

Some nice lots on Morganfield road, between Judge Rochester's and town; 3 or 4 acre lot on same road, east of Hayward's; also two or three elevated points to build residences north of town, between my new residence and the farm of Judge Pierce; will sell in small lots or 4 to 6 acre lots to suit purchaser. Some lots in corporate limits, some in suburb, all convenient to school and church.

R. N. Walker.

Osteopathy.

[From Our Special Correspondent].

FRANKLIN, KY.,
Aug. 2, 1901.

ED. PRESS: The students have gone to their homes for the vacation, and the graduates are locating and practicing. From the reports that we are receiving from them, we believe they are universally meeting with success. Osteopathy is a wonderful thing in this regard. So many people who would not be able to do much otherwise are in this profession a success. This is due to the absence of competition and the demand for qualified physicians. It is true however, that the greater the educational qualification and business experience the student possesses, the greater measure of success he obtains in the field.

This is certainly the time for those who are interested in a plying profession to investigate Osteopathy. There never could be brighter prospects than today exist for the practitioner. Half the States have passed laws in favor of osteopathy in the last four years. There is a desire for the physicians of osteopathy in every town in the country. A large practice and income is ready for every graduate and for many more than are entering the schools of osteopathy. In every other profession you meet the strongest kind of competition and but few can succeed. But in Osteopathy there are hundreds of towns without a single practitioner.

Many persons are leaving large salaries to become osteopaths; and it is a wise move. We believe the young college graduate would be wise to enter Osteopathy rather than law, medicine or other profession, where already too many are struggling for bread. We shall be pleased to aid you to investigate both the prospects and the cost.

Address for literature and information.

Very truly,
Southern School Osteopathy.
Franklin, Ky.

READ THIS!

I am selling goods at TOLU, KY., and offer you the following prices:

10 inch strap hinges, per pair 15c
Nails \$3.25. Salt per bbl \$1.25
Sugar 18 pounds for \$1.
Arbuckles coffee, 2 packages for 25c
Mens Shirts 25c up.
Mens Suspenders 15c up.
Jelly glasses tin tops 30c per doz.
Meat, nice and fine, 10c and 12 1/2c
1 1/2 gallon tin bucket 12c.
Brooms 15c up.

Remember I sell strictly for cash; can and do sell cheap. Will meet the closest prices.

PRODUCE WANTED.

Every body's dollar looks alike to me. 16 oz to each pound.

Our Native Herbs always on hand. The best liver and kidney medicine. 200 days treatment \$1, mailed upon receipt of price. Send postal for free book telling all about it.

Come to Tolu to trade and stop at the

Cheap Cash Store,

D. W. STONE, Propr.

Does it Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the most severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible. If not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success for throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. For sale by R. F. Haynes and Jas. H. Orme. Get Green's Prize Almanac

A CARD.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRITTENDEN COUNTY:

At the solicitation of many friends of the various political parties, and having received the nomination of my party without opposition, I take pleasure in announcing that I am a candidate for re-election to the office of county court clerk, and hope that you will give my claims due consideration, and any and all favors shown me in this matter will be duly and kindly appreciated; and if re-elected I promise a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of said office, as I have ever tried to do in the past; and permit me to return you my heartfelt thanks for your many acts of kindness extended me, and for the confidence reposed in me as your public servant and friend in the by gone years, and during all of which time I have endeavored to be faithful to the trusts confided to me, in the discharge of all of my official duties required by law, but how far short I have come, you are to be the judges; and knowing that your judgment will be just, I submit my entire case with you, and whatever decision you may render next November, will be cheerfully accepted by me,
Respectfully yours,
D. Woods, Co. Clerk,

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES:—Not exceeding 10 lines will be published free of charge. All over 10 lines at 5 cents per line. RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT:—\$1.00

Mrs. E. M. Boaz is quite ill.
Schwab sells 17 lbs C sugar for \$1.00.

Miss Claire Taylor is visiting in Dixon.

Hebron school house will be repaired.

Jeff Chandler is very ill with typhoid fever.

Percy Noggle, of Dekoven, was in town this week.

16 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00 at Schwab's.

Edgar James of Evansville was in town this week.

Good crowds are attending the Piney camp meeting.

Mr. G. D. Summerville takes the Ewell Moore farm.

Mr. James Clement of Henshaw was in the city Monday.

Mr. Ross Givens, of Providence was in the city Monday.

1 gallon tin bucket for ten cents Schwab.

Mr. Charles Pepper, of Princeton, was in town Tuesday.

Miss Traylor is very ill at the residence of H. K. Woods.

Miss Fannie Finley is visiting friends in Livingston county.

M. H. Weldon will move to his new home near town this week.

Deputy Warden Olive, of Ed-dyville, was in town this week.

Rev J. W. Bigham was at the Hampton camp meeting last week.

Mason fruit jars, 1/2 gallons 75c., quarts 65c., pints 55c. Schwab.

J. E. Dean and daughter were guests of friends in Caldwell this week.

Miss Nar Nunn, of Madisonville, is the guest of friends in this city.

John Morse bought a big tobacco factory in Shady Grove Monday.

Forest Harris, the popular merchant of Tolu, was in town Tuesday.

Schwab will pay you the highest market price in cash for your wheat.

Miss Rebecca Dunnican spent last week with friends in Dycusburg.

You will always be pleased with your work if you patronize the Magnet laundry.

Mr. H. M. Cook's family will move to their home on Salem street next week.

Be sure you get Schwab's prices before you buy any groceries or sell your produce.

Misses Ray Woods, Rosa Kevil and Sallie Woods returned from Decatur, Ill. Saturday.

Messrs Al Dean and R. W. Wilson are prospecting for mineral on land near Mr. Dean's.

Mr A. S. Threlkeld, of Kelsey, was in town Monday. He thinks of moving to Marion.

Miss Anna Finley will teach the New Salem school. She began her work Monday.

Dried apples are going to be a good price; we want them all. Schwab.

The crowd in town Monday was the largest that has been in the city on county court day for many months.

Helps young ladies to withstand the shock of sudden proposals, that's what Rocky Mountain Tea has done. 35c. Made by Madison Medicine Co.

R. F. Haynes was in Evansville last week.

Miss Nannie Taylor, of Guthrie is the guest of Miss Eva Hill.

Quin Nation, of Ford's Ferry, sold two mules Saturday for \$300.

Mrs. H. A. Hodge and daughters returned to Louisville yesterday.

Mr. Harry Carnahan will probably build a residence in East Marion.

Mrs D. E. Woods, of Decatur, Ill., is visiting relatives at this place.

We want your chickens, eggs and other produce. Best prices. Schwab.

Mr. Will Ringo, the photographer, has been quite ill for several days.

Mrs. S. O. Walker and children, of Dallas, Texas, are visiting in this city.

McConnell & Stones is still the headquarters of the Magnet laundry agency.

I want your peach seed. Don't throw them away. Will pay you cash. Schwab.

Mrs. G. H. Whitecotton, of Sullivan, is visiting her daughter, Mrs E. C. Miles, of this place.

Will Cochran has secured a position with the Simmons hardware Co. and will leave today for St. Louis.

Mr. Ed. Hayward has built a sidewalk around the Farmers Bank building that is worthy of imitation.

The tobacco crop is showing a laudable disposition to come out; more than was expected three weeks ago.

Cut your apples in large quarters, core them well in order to get the highest price. Schwab.

The E. C. Moore farm was sold Monday by Commissioner Cruce. It brought \$7,200 and was purchased by the heirs.

Messrs H. A. Hayes and Jno. A. Moore are prospecting for zinc on Albert Shoemaker's farm, north of Crittenden Springs.

Prof Evans returned from Dixon Saturday, after conducting a successful institute for the Webster county teachers.

Mr. P. M. McGrew and wife, of Livingston county, were in this city Monday en route to Louisville and Frankfort.

Mr. Ves Threlkeld of Iuka, Livingston county, buried the remains of his fifteen months old child at Chapel Hill Tuesday.

The government crop reports place the condition of corn at 54 per cent. In other words, king corn will pay 54 cents on the dollar this season.

Mrs W. P. Loyd returned from Pennsylvania last week, after spending several months with her son, Rev J. R. Lamb, who resides in that State.

The best ready mixed paints, all colors, at Boston & Walker's. They also have lead and oil, buggy paints, furniture paints, varnishes and polishes.

The beauty thief has come to stay Unless you drive the pimples and black heads away, Do this; don't look like a fright. Take Rocky Mountain Tea tonight. Ask your druggist.

The date of the concert to be given at the opera house by Prof. Carl Beck and his orchestra of St. Louis, has been changed from Sept. 13th to Sept. 2d.

Dr J. H. Orme, having retired from the drug business, will look after his mill interests. He has been one of the most popular merchants Marion ever had.

Mr. Dallas Vaughn, of this county, and Miss Ethel Chambers, of Campbell, Mo., were united in marriage at the bride's home Aug. 4th. They will return to Kentucky after spending a few weeks with friends in Missouri. The Press extends congratulations.

Ollie James was in Bardwell last week.

J. W. Goodloe attended the Hopkins county fair last week.

Mrs Welford White returned yesterday to her home at Helena, Ark

Rev Moore, of Hopkinsville, preached at the Christian church Friday evening.

Mrs. W. M. Freeman and children, of Kansas City, are visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs E. H. Doss went to Henderson last week to join her husband, who is employed in the Illinois Central depot in that city.

Al Tumblin, who killed Newton Riley at Kuttawa last Thursday night, is thought to be surrounded in a dense woods near Dyersburg.

The Barger Patent Tobacco Sucker Remover is for sale at Pierce & Son's and Cochran & Baker's hardware stores. Call and examine them and get descriptive circulars.

Miss Fannie Thompson, a beautiful and accomplished young lady of Seven Gums, Union county, was the guest of the family of Mr. J. K. Smith, of Repton, last week.

Rev Roe, of Carrsville, and Rev Crow, of Shady Grove, will fill the pulpit at the Methodist church Sunday and Sunday night. The day will be devoted to missionary work.

If a dealer asks you to take something said to be "just as good as Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co." as him if he makes more money. Ask your druggist.

I want your wheat, will pay the highest price in cash. Schwab.

The demand for residences in Marion vastly exceeds the supply, and because of this some good people who want to come here to get the benefit of the school will go elsewhere.

The farmers of Livingston county are to meet in Salem Saturday, August 17th, 1901, for the purpose of organizing a farmers club and at the same time take steps to have a farmers institute held some where in the county.

The Press acknowledges the receipt of a box of pretty specimens from the Kansas-Missouri-Arkansas mining camps. We are indebted to the St. Louis and San Francisco railway for these specimens, showing the lead and zinc ores of this famous section.

Mrs. Sarah C. Elder, who has been dangerously ill at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Sam Patmore, of this place, for several days is slowly improving. Her son, Tilford Elder, of Kansas, came on Sunday night, in answer to a telegram and has been with her this week.—Sturgis Herald.

Married, at the residence of Mr. Fel Walker, of Iron Hill neighborhood, Sunday, August 11, Mr. W. F. Lamb and Miss Ada Lamb, Rev. J. H. Todd officiating. Just a few close friends of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony that united the happy couple.

Both are popular young people and have a host of friends, who join with 'the Press in wishing them a long and happy life.

A recruiting officer of the U. S. army is in the city making enlistments. Twelve recruits have been secured. The following are among those who have enlisted: Fred D. Foley, Guy W. Alley, Ed. Dameron, of Salem; Lee Burns, Galie Young, of Tolu; B. O. Butler, R. K. Butler, of Marion. The officer makes his headquarters at the Gill House.

REDUCED RATES.

On account of Ohio River Baptist Association at Grand Rivers Aug. 21st, tickets will be sold over Illinois Central at rate of one and one-third fare for round trip. T. C. Jameson, Agt.

WE HAVE HAD A GLORIOUS RAIN!

But Still These Prices Prevail at SCHWAB'S:

16 lbs Granulated Sugar \$1.	Arbuckles Coffee, per lb 10c
17 lbs C Sugar, \$1	Roasted Coffee, in bulk 8 pounds for \$1.00
Mason Fruit Jars	Tin Buckets
Half gallons, per doz. 75c.	1 gallon, 10 cents.
Quarts " 65c.	1 1-2 gallon, 15 cents.
Pinty " 55c.	2 gallon, 20 cents.
8 lbs best Soda for 25c.	Glassware and Tinware at your own price.
Lion Coffee, per lb 10c.	

Will buy your wheat and pay you the Highest Price in CASH. Get my prices before selling. Be sure to price my goods before buying.

H. SCHWAB.

A general attachment suit was filed Tuesday in the circuit court by Mr. John P. Reed, of Crittenden county, against B. M. Vinson, of Princeton. Several thousand feet of lumber on the Cumberland river in this county is attached by Reed to satisfy a debt of \$213.76 against Vinson. Mr. Reed is a prominent stock man of Crittenden, and Mr. Vinson operates a saw mill at Princeton.—Livingston Banner.

Men Wanted.

Fifty men to cut 4,000 cords of cord wood and teams to haul some two miles to depot; 75 cents for cutting and \$1.35 for cutting and hauling. Also 4,000 ties to make at ten cents per tie.

Address, J. F. Loyd, Waltonville, Jefferson co., Ill.

Farm for Sale!

Farm—House and Lot in Marion for Sale.

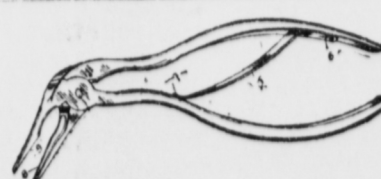
I have a farm, 135 acres, 2 1/2 miles from Marion on Morganfield road; well watered, good orchard, 2 barns, one tenant house, for sale. Price low, terms reasonable.

Also, a house and lot in Marion, on Bellville street, 6 rooms, improvements all good; will sell very cheap.

G. D. Summerville, Marion, Ky.

She Didn't Wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples until she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as will all eruptions, fever sores, boils, ulcers, carbuncles and fells from its use. Infallible for corns cuts, bunions, scalds, piles, etc. Cure guaranteed. 25c at Orme's.



Patented Dec. 4, 1900, by T. J. Barger.

Tobacco Growers Reduce labor and expense of tobacco culture almost one half by using the Barger Patent Tobacco Sucker Remover. You can sucker a plant with this instrument in about the same time it would take you to break them out and no more suckers will ever appear. Makes more pounds and a better quality. It is sold under a guarantee that it will prevent suckers or money refunded. Regular price \$5.00, Special Introductory price for this year \$1.50. For sale by agents and hardware dealers or by mail for the price. Address: GEO. W. ROBINSON, Marion, Ky.

Card of Thanks.

We take this method of thanking our many friends who so kindly assisted us in the hours of our trouble. Could our loved one who has gone from us forever speak, it would be words of gratitude to those who so untiringly assisted in his welfare while on his deathbed. Also thank those who were so kind to our boy and brother while sick. What a good thought to think and know that our Redeemer liveth, and he has children in Marion who are ever ready to help those who are in need of help. May the blessings of our Divine Father rest on the town. Resp'y,

Mrs. S. E. Ringo, And Children.

Strayed.

From my farm near Piney creek on or about June 1st, one deep red yearling heifer, half Jersey, short horns, weighs about 410 lbs. unmarked. Information as to her whereabouts gladly received. Will pay reward for her return.

James Conger

Administrator's Notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of the late W. J. LaRue, by note or account, are requested to call and settle without delay. All persons having claims against said estate must present same, properly proven, on or before Sept. 15, 1901, or the same will be forever disbarred.

Jas. L. LaRue, Chas. LaRue, Administrators.

Wm Harrigan

(Successor to J. H. Orme)

...DEALER IN...

Fine Wines Whiskies

Sole Agent for the Celebrated W. Harper and Old Hickory Whiskies.

Special Attention to Mail Orders.

MARION. KENTUCKY.

Teething

Then the baby is most likely nervous, and fretful, and doesn't gain in weight.

Scott's Emulsion is the best food and medicine for teething babies. They gain from the start.

Send for a free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

Commissioner's SALE

Crittenden Circuit Court, Ker

R. L. MOORE, et al., Plff. vs E. E. COWAN, et al., Deft.

By virtue of judgment and sale of the Crittenden Circuit rendered at the June term thereof, in the above cause, I shall proceed for sale, at the police court house at Blackford, to the highest and best bid at public auction, on

MONDAY, AUG. 19, 1901, at 1 o'clock, P. M., or thereabout upon a credit of six, (6) twelve (12) and eighteen (18) months, the following described property, to-wit: Certain tracts of land lying and being in Webster county, Ky., and bounded as follows:

Lot No. 5. Containing 56 acres, situated in Webster county, Ky., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone near a barn on west side of county road; thence with said road S 20 W 56 poles to an elm in Chapeze line; thence with same N 49 W 143 poles to a stone; thence N 31 E 67 poles to a thorn tree; thence S 63 E 130 poles to the beginning.

TRACT No. 6. Containing 64 acres, situated in Webster county, Ky., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the west side of the county road, corner to lot No. 5; thence with a line of same N 54 W 130 poles to a thorn tree in original corner to lot No. 5; thence N 31 E 12 poles to an elm, corner to original survey; N 59 W 102 poles to a stone with elm pointers; thence N 17 E 10 poles to a small hickory, corner to R. L. Moore; thence with a line of same S 68 E 23 poles to a stone on east side of county road, also corner to R. L. Moore; thence S 22 W 42 poles to a stone; thence S 49 E 98 poles to a stone; thence S 20 E 193 poles to a stake; thence N 73 W 100 poles to a stone on west side of county road; thence S 20 E 6 poles to the beginning.

The Commissioner will offer for sale lots number 5 and 6, as above described, separately, and then he will offer said two lots for sale as a whole, and will accept the bid which in the aggregate produces the most money.

For the purchase price the purchaser, with approved security or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

L. W. CRUCE, Commissioner.

Notice.

All election officers of 1900 that have keys and seals will please return them to the county clerk's office as soon as convenient.

D. Woods, County Clerk.

DON'T BE FOOLED

Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA Made only by Madison Medicine Co., Madison, Wis. It keeps you well. Our trade mark cut on each package. Price, 35 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitutes. Ask your druggist.



CARE OF THE HANDS.

To Make Red, Wrinkled Members Plump and Smooth Requires Lots of Hard Work.

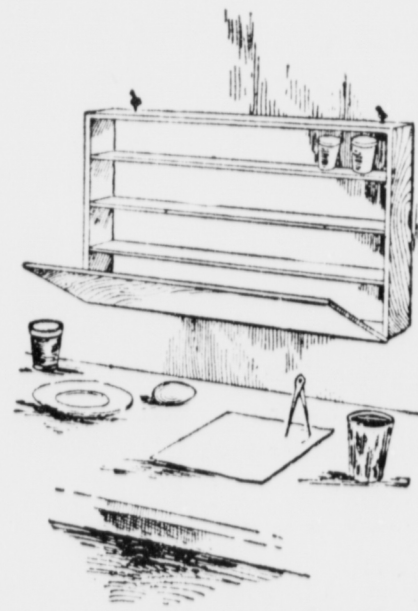
To whiten red, wrinkled hands and make them plump and smooth is a work of time. When young women or those of 35 complain of such hands the circulation is the fault and must be stimulated. Very hot baths for the entire body are the best treatment not only for reddish hands, but for red noses and swollen lips. Yet hot water is such a difficult luxury to obtain even in smart houses that it is always recommended with uncertainty. Like a voyage to the Azores or a winter in Bermuda. Between the economies of heating water by electric light or by fancy gas stoves, we will have to depend upon public baths for cleansing and taking cold on the way home, as most people do who use them. Friction, however, is a matter of a coarse towel and brisk, dry rubbing. Gymnastics and health movements combine with the towel exercise, for few manuals bring muscles into play in such a variety of ways as the daily rub down with a big brown length of Turkish toweling. Taken by the ends and saved across the shoulders, up and down the arms, trunk and legs, rubbing lightly and swiftly until the skin is all aglow, the towel rubs away the dead particles and brings the blood into play. The feet should have special friction to keep them warm. Women who have cold feet in girlhood are apt to have red, thin hands and faces later in life. Special treatment for the hands requires daily application. Soak them at night in a basin of hot soups with a spoonful of sweet oil stirred in. Then the oily water is rubbed off, and the back of each hand gently and swiftly rubbed with a good pomade, working it into the knuckles. Next open and shut the hands 50 to 100 times, counting the motions once by the clock and timing them by it afterward instead of counting. The hands begin to improve under the friction very soon. Finally, on going to bed, rub the hands generously with good pomade, putting plenty on the finger tips, if the nails are brittle, or draw on easy-fitting gloves. Thick joints and knobby knuckles require treatment which only a skilled specialist knows how to apply.—Chicago American.

JELLY-MAKING HINTS.

How to Cover the Glasses in a Way That is Absolutely Sure to Prevent Mold.

When the jelly is still "piping hot" in the glasses, cover the latter with circles of white paper dipped in the white of an egg. This will stick the paper securely to the glass and make it impervious to air. Thus the jelly keeps free from mold. It must be covered while hot.

Jelly covered with paper that has not been dipped in the white of an egg will mold, but the egg seals it perfectly. If the jelly is "piping hot"



HINTS FOR JELLYMAKERS.

no germs will remain alive under the paper. A dozen circles can be cut from paper at once, by folding the paper a sufficient number of times.

Make a shallow cupboard of a dry goods box in which to keep the jelly, placing the cupboard in a cool, dry place. Keep shut to keep out the light. Keeping jelly in a dark place is essential, as the light appears to effect a chemical change in the combination of fruit juice and sugar that injures the flavor.—Country Gentleman.

A Present for an Invalid.

A pillow filled with hops instead of feathers makes a nice present for anyone who is troubled with sleeplessness, provided they do not object to the scent of hops, as the aroma helps to induce sleep. Put the hops into a plain white bag and then make two pillow cases of linen, with hemstitched, frilled borders, working, if you like, a design in flourishing thread above the hemstitched border, but no work on the part where the head will come and you have a charming gift complete.

A Hint About Teapots.

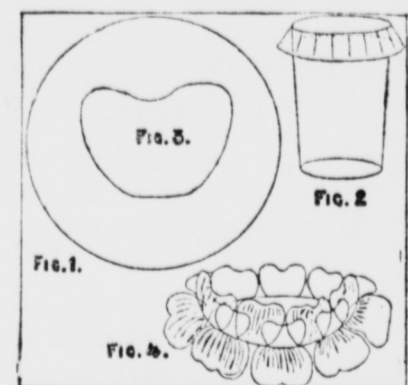
Do not allow tea to stand in a teapot between meals. Make no more than will be drunk, throw out the tea grounds, wash and scald and dry each time the teapot is used.

ICES SERVED IN ROSES

Taste Better from Such a Pretty Receptacle, the Making of Which Is Here Described.

A hostess need not wholly depend on the caterer for attractive devices in the serving of food, especially creams and sherbets. A little ingenuity and deftness of hand sometimes go a great ways. There is no prettier or more artistic way of serving ices than in homemade shells in the form of roses—American Beauties preferably, although those of different colors are scarcely less attractive, and for a large entertainment lend variety of hue.

The making of the paper shell is a very simple matter. Select a thin-edged drinking glass and cut out of heavy unruled writing paper a circular piece about half an inch larger than



HOW TO MAKE THE SHELLS.

the opening in the glass and mold the shell over the top. This is very easily done by having a round piece of thick cardboard the size of the opening, putting the palm of the hand over the glass and pressing the cardboard down while you mold the edges of the paper with your thumb and fingers. By turning the glass with your other hand backward and forward you can very easily press the paper into the required shape.

Let the glass set on its bottom with the paper shell covering it, cut a quantity of rose leaves out of crepe or plain tissue paper of the desired color, and with a little flour paste and a small brush touch the lower edges of the rose petals and stick them on the paper shell, putting the first row around the edges and the second around the bottom of the shell.

It is a good plan to have several drinking glasses, and when the paper shell is drying on one to mold a new one on another glass. By doing this the shells retain their shape better and you can progress more rapidly with the work.

When the petals have dried sufficiently to hold tight to the paper shell they can be slightly curled by running them between a knife blade and your thumb until they take on quite a natural appearance (Fig. 4).

To further carry out the pretty conceit that one is eating cream from the heart of a rose, a spray of natural rose leaves may be laid on the plate and the rose set amidst the leaves, or if these are not obtainable artificial leaves of green crepe paper may be used with artistic effect. If the cream be delicately flavored with rose the conceit is all the more realistic.

Either white or pink cream is pretty for white or pink roses, while lemon cream or lemon and orange sherbet may be used with good effect in yellow roses.

These shells should be lined with confectioner's oiled paper. Cut out a circular piece a little larger than that used for the shell, mold it also over the drinking glass, and it will fit very neatly within it.

These linings can be easily lifted out of the shells after the cream has been served in them and fresh linings put in, so that the roses can be used for several occasions.

When cream is to be served in these shells it should be made quite hard and taken out in little pyramids, by using molds, such as are kept by confectioners. If these cannot be had, two large spoonfuls of cream pressed together will make a very nice-looking pyramid.

Ices thus served become a pleasure to the eye as well as to the palate.—Washington Star.

COMFORT IN TRAVELING.

Little Conveniences That Make a Journey on a Railroad Train Less Fatiguing.

When one is about to start on a journey that will take several hours it is well to thoroughly equip one's self that one may be as comfortable as possible. Especially is this necessary when there are little children to consider as well as older persons.

Above all things, be sure to provide yourself with a drinking cup, for it is far from attractive to think of drinking from the same cup as is used by anyone who chances along.

Next in importance is a small bottle of good but plain cologne water. A soft face cloth may be wrapped around this, and when tired and dusty from the heat gently bathe the face with the cologne water, and you will be greatly surprised to find how cool and comfortable you will feel.

A small fan that runs into a hollow stick, and which takes but little room in your bag, should be the next article to find a resting place. Some pins, a spool of thread and some needles and a few buttons will possibly be found useful, especially where there are children.

Do not attempt to carry any great amount of money with you, but place the bulk of it in a chamolais bag that may be securely fastened around your neck under the dress. A sufficient sum to meet immediate wants may be carried in the bag. A night dress should certainly be placed in the hand satchel, for trunks have been known to go astray.—Detroit Free Press.

EDWARD IS POPULAR

All Classes of English Society Adore Their New King.

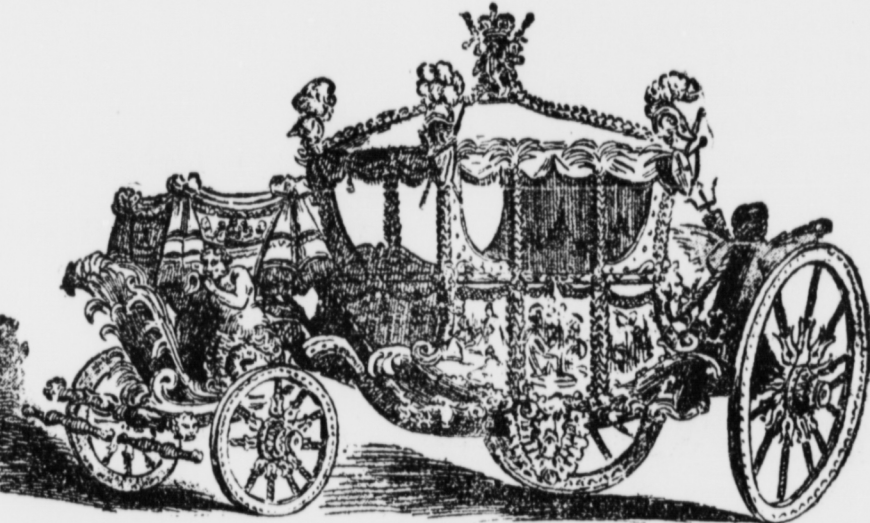
Was a Bon Vivant as Prince of Wales, But Now Is Sober and Sedate—His Coronation to Occur Next June.

[Special London Letter.]

WHEN King Edward VII. was Prince Albert Edward of Wales, he was considered the most democratic prince in Europe. Why, it would be hard to say. The people of England, as well as the masses of other countries, raise up idols—sometimes because they are too stupid to comprehend the motives of their so-called superiors, at other times for the sole purpose of knocking them down.

As prince of Wales, the reigning British sovereign, who, by the grace of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, is soon to be made "British emperor," was a liberal patron of the turf—an institution far dearer to the average cockney than the established church. He appeared in person at every meet of importance, his horses contested for purses and his representatives were central figures in the betting ring. Among his associates he was noted as a gambler of nerve, and scandal ventured to assert that young and inexperienced men with money in their purses were plucked like geese in the august circles patronized by the prince. His love for beautiful women was proverbial, not only at home, but also in Paris and Homburg. Had he belonged to a somewhat lower stratum of society he would have been called a sport and a rake, but being her presumptive to the throne, the sycophants who surrounded him dubbed him "perfect gentleman and prince of good fellows."

But the transition from second fiddle to first violin wrought a change in Albert Edward which frightened his old intimates and filled the hearts of the old-fashioned aristocracy with joy. Hardly had he been proclaimed



THE ROYAL STATE CARRIAGE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

king when his character and disposition changed radically. He was no longer anybody's chum—he was everybody's sovereign. He ceased to be a patron of the turf, stopped gambling, resented familiarity and re-established customs which his venerable mother had permitted to pass into what Grover Cleveland would have called "innocuous desuetude." Instead of "liberalizing" royalty, he issued edicts recalling to life usages which had been forgotten even by the heads of the various red-tape departments of court officialdom.

Yet, in spite of these reactionary measures, his majesty is more popular than ever before; and this only goes to show that the masses are not only fond of display, but that the "divinity that doth hedge a king" still is a tangible something in the public mind. Many a revolution has been avoided in past ages by royal display. By the same means dissatisfaction has been changed into adoration. When the present German emperor ascended the throne, he was not a popular monarch.



THE KING'S CHAMPION.

arch. He was antagonized in parliament and out of it. The people called him young and inexperienced; the nobility cold and unreliable. He made a few belittling speeches and arranged a succession of gorgeous pageants. Wherever he appeared he was "it," and very soon the factions which had abused him most became his blindest admirers.

Whether the erratic William gave his British uncle a few private lessons in statecraft, as some waspish writers have had the hardihood to assert, will probably never be known. Certain it is, however, that King Edward has succeeded in winning over to his side the high aristocracy and the middle-class nonconformists, two elements which, no longer than a year or two ago, pronounced him unfit to succeed the good Victoria as ruler of a great Christian nation.

Although the coronation of the king will not take place until next June, it

is the paramount topic of conversation in the English metropolis; and everybody seems to delight that the celebration is to be conducted upon a scale of magnificence unparalleled in modern history. The costermongers seem to be quite as joyful over the coming event as the aristocratic ladies who will participate in the services at Westminster abbey. It is to be an all-around "by-the-grace-of-God" affair, in which everybody can take a part—the nobility by exhibiting rare family jewels, the rabble by shouting, and rich Americans by paying exorbitant prices for windows along the line of the royal procession.

The coronation of an English king is a mediaeval ceremony of so much interest that a short description of it may be welcomed by many American readers.

The king and his consort, accompanied by the princes and princesses of blood royal and attended by the highest household and military officers and crack military organizations, proceed from the palace to Westminster abbey, at the entrance of which the sovereign is received by the great officers of state and the noblemen designated as bearers of the royal insignia. He is conducted to the robing chamber where he is clothed in surcoat of crimson velvet with a mantle and hood of the same material, trimmed with ermine and bordered with deep gold lace. After the cap of state has been placed on his head, he advances up the nave into the choir, the choristers immediately beginning the anthem. The sovereign moves to the south side of the throne and passes to a chair of state called the recognition chair, where for a few moments he gives himself up to private devotion. The archbishop of Canterbury, standing near the king, then says to the lord chancellor, the lord great chamberlain, the lord high constable and the earl marshal, who stand, respectively, in the east, west, north and south side of the abbey: "Sirs, I here present unto you King Edward, the undoubted king of this realm; wherefore all you who are come this day to do your homage, are you willing to do the same?" The sovereign stands while east, west, north and south respond in union. This is the recognition

tion, after which the king passes to the altar, where he offers to the archbishop an altar cloth of gold and an ingot of gold weighing one pound, called the sovereign's offerings. After that follows communion, and then the oath is administered to the king. Thereupon the archbishop anoints the royal head and hands in the form of a cross, with consecrated oil. Next he is presented with the royal spurs of gold, the royal sword, the imperial mantle of cloth of gold, the orb, the ruby ring, the scepters of the two kingdoms, the scepter royal and the scepter with the dove. One represents kingly power and justice, the other equity and mercy. Then follows the actual crowning. The crown is consecrated by the archbishop who places it on the royal head. This is the signal for all the peers and peeresses to put on their coronets, the bishops their caps and the kings-of-arms their crowns.

Simultaneously the royal salute is fired and there is a loud blast of trumpets, and all the world knows that the king is crowned. At this juncture the treasurer of the household distributes the medals struck to commemorate the occasion. The administration of the sacrament and the benediction conclude the religious ceremony, which occupies several hours.

The king then exchanges the robe of state for the royal robe of purple velvet, and the orb and scepter royal are placed in his hands. He is conducted out of the abbey and returns to the palace in the same great state as in the triumphal progress to old Westminster.

Whether King Edward will have a coronation banquet is not yet known. William IV. and Victoria omitted this part of the ceremony. Should the new king conclude to have one it will revive many old customs, among them the mummery of the "champion of England." This champion is a knight dressed in mediaeval panoply of war who makes his appearance at the coronation banquet at Westminster hall and challenges to mortal combat any who may deny the title of the monarch just crowned. Should no one answer after the third defiance, the champion will approach the king, and his majesty will drink to him from a gilt cup, which he then presents to his gallant defender. The office of champion is an ancient one, and is supposed to have been brought to England by William the Conqueror. Since the time of Richard II. it has remained in the Dymoke family, of Scrivelsby Manor, Lincolnshire, the present head of which is Sir Francis Dymoke, an unpretentious country gentleman of peaceful habits and very small stature. WILLIAM WALTER WELLS.

City of Electric Roads.

Montreal has over a hundred miles of electric road.

THE AMERICAN FARM

It Is the Source of Our National Wealth and Greatness.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson Makes a Prediction and Gives Some Excellent Reasons in Support of It.

[Special Washington Letter.]

"I WILL give you a statement and a prophecy," said Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture.

"There is some talk of a combination of all Europe against the United States, commercially, if not inimically. We can come nearer now to supporting ourselves than any nation on earth. Any combination of countries against us, to embarrass us in any way, would soon discover that they were getting the worst of it.

"The object of all of the work of the department of agriculture is to enable the United States to produce, as near as possible, everything which our people require, under the American flag. It will only be a reasonable number of years when we will produce our own woolen and cotton clothing, our shoes, socks, shirts and everything of that character. It will be very soon when we will be able to produce all of our own food, our tea, coffee, sugar, rubber, spices, bread, butter, cheese, nuts, raisins, oranges, apples, peaches, cherries, plums, olives; in fact everything that necessity or luxury requires or suggests. All of these things, and many more too numerous to mention, will be produced in the United States or in our island possessions."

No writer could portray the earnestness and forcefulness of this typical farmer leader, as he drops his spectacles, leans back in his chair, rises and moves his hands and arms, or walks about the room, while he dwells upon the glory and greatness of the imperial republic. He glories in the fact that the United States government and people are free, because valorous, and independent because prosperous and thrifty; therefore to-day more free and independent than when the declaration was promulgated on July 4, 1776. The secretary is an intensely patriotic man, and back of all of his work is the energizing influence of his love of country and pride in its grand achievements and marvelous possibilities and probabilities. That is what impelled him to make the statement and prophecy concerning the defiant capability of the United States in the presence of suggestions of foreign complications and combinations.

"I will tell you what the department of agriculture is doing for the present weal and the future commonweal," continued Secretary Wilson.

"From the beginning of the colonial development of our country tobacco has been one of our greatest staples. While it is true that many people do not approve of the use of tobacco in any form, it still continues to be one of our staple products. We annually sell \$30,000,000 worth of tobacco; but we buy \$13,000,000 worth. This department is trying to reduce our buying necessities. Of the \$13,000,000 bought, \$5,000,000 are for Sumatra wrappers. The other \$8,000,000 are expended for what is known as fillers, mostly from Cuba. We are teaching our people how to grow fillers and we expect soon to be growing all the fillers and wrappers we need in our own country. We are experimenting now in Pennsylvania and also in Texas with great success. We also expect to grow large quantities of these kinds of tobacco in Porto Rico and the Philippines. We intend to save \$13,000,000 for our own people in this industry, and that amount will increase every year. We ought soon to be selling about \$50,000,000 worth of tobacco annually, and buying, substantially, none.

"We cannot grow coffee in the United States, because every part of



SECRETARY WILSON PROPHESES.

our original country is subject to frosts. But we can teach, and are beginning to teach, the growing of coffee in Hawaii and Porto Rico. Present indications are that we will thus raise all of our own coffee under our own flag, instead of buying \$65,000,000 worth every year from Brazil. You see how much richer we will be and how much more independent when we can keep those immense sums within the hands of our own people.

"We are spending \$30,000,000 yearly for rubber. But we are teaching the people in our island possessions to produce as good rubber, in as great quantities, and very soon we will be adding just that much to our annual savings for our own people. You see that in those three products alone, when we produce them on our own soil, we will be keeping \$135,000,000

at home every year, and that amount will constantly increase. If it be true that 'a penny saved is a penny earned,' it is equally true that a hundred million saved is a hundred million earned for our prosperous country. The richer the country the smaller the taxation on individuals. Prosperity of this sort comes to stay forever.

"We are cross-breeding the Florida orange with a Japanese variety of the same type, in order to give hardness to the Florida orange, which will enable it to better withstand frost. We have also begun importing rice for gulf coast effort. When we first took up this work the United States produced 25 per cent. of the amount used. This year's rice crop will supply all demands.

"You know that the department of agriculture has been encouraging the



"WE ARE THE PEOPLE"

sugar beet industry. We have been importing 20 tons of seed from France and Germany. In 1898 we produced 34,000 tons of sugar from beets; in 1899, 63,000 tons; in 1890, 83,000 tons. This year we will produce upwards of 100,000 tons of sugar from beets. There will also be about 40 factories at work this year making beet sugar. It is a great industry.

"Heretofore the United States has never succeeded in manufacturing first-class macaroni. We began importing macaroni wheats from the Russian empire, and this year there will be grown in our country about 100,000 bushels of this wheat in the semi-arid regions. Very soon it will be unnecessary for us to import 15,000,000 pounds of macaroni annually, for all that we require will be grown by our own people, and a great part of it upon lands which have not been good food producers. We are also importing finer bread wheats and distributing them throughout the wheat growing region.

"The Smyrna fig industry is well established in California. Fifteen tons of figs will be raised this year. Date palms from Tripoli are being successfully grown at Phoenix, Ariz. These two industries are of great value and will increase from year to year.

"Dr. Knapp, of this department, will soon be on the way to the China seas to study the forage crops of those countries, in order that similar crops may be produced on our southern farms; also to ascertain what plant in the Philippine islands will save the expense of sending hay from this country for 13,000 horses and mules; also to find soft rice for our stock feeding. His work will be of vast importance and value to our people.

"In like manner we are studying forestry in all latitudes. We are introducing new grasses and legumes for every American latitude. Our object is to enable the United States to produce everything that is necessary for our necessities, not merely for the continued prosperity of our whole people, but in order that the whole world may see that we are ready to meet any combinations, trade or otherwise, which may be formed against us, as suggested in many quarters, and threatened in a few localities."

Secretary Wilson then reverted to the work of his department in the scientific branches which include the weather bureau, the division of statistics, section of foreign markets, bureau of animal industry, division of chemistry, office of experiment stations, biological survey, divisions of entomology, forestry, botany, agrostology, pomology, soils, seeds, gardens and grounds, and public roads. There is a veritable department of lifetime study in each of these divisions. The men of science working under the direction of the secretary make investigations into the diseases of live stock, and make investigations and experiments for the prevention or extirpation of those diseases.

They make special studies of the best means of extending our agricultural export trade, by cooperating with consuls of this country in foreign ports. They study soils, fertilizers, adulterations of foods, their prevention and detection. They collect and disseminate information by publishing accounts of agricultural investigations at home and abroad. They are doing invaluable work in studying soils in their relation to crops, the mapping of soils, the investigation and mapping of alkali lands; also the investigations and publications concerning the growth, curing and fermentation of tobacco. The seed division alone, which is particularly of interest to individual farmers, performs an amount of work the publication of which, in detail, would fill a volume.

The secretary says: "All of the wealth of the world is in the soil. We have it. It is our duty to develop it. We are fully aware of the situation, and are confronting it."

SMITH D. FRY.

American Art at the Buffalo Exposition

The Exhibit Is a Credit to American Artists and a Surprise to Visitors

(Special Buffalo Correspondence.)

THE art-loving public waited with much curiosity to see what sort of an exhibition upon an extensive scale could be made of American art exclusively. The exhibition is made at the Pan-American and it is surprisingly good. American painters, sculptors, architects and engravers are all shown at their best. It will be hard to find a noted artist who is not represented at all, and still harder to find one who is not represented by his best work.

Approaching the art gallery one is struck by the noble contour of the equestrian statue of Gen. Sherman, by Augustus St. Gaudens, shown now for the first time in America and destined for Central park in New York city. Directly in front of the Art building is the massive bronze statue of the God Pan, by George Grey Barnard, and two seated figures, one of Hahnemann, by Charles H. Niehaus, and the other Dr. Pepper, by Karl Bitter.

Standing on each side of the door are two life-sized lions, by Eli Harvey. Entering the gallery, the visitor finds himself in a vestibule with but few large pictures on the walls. "The Angel with the Flaming Sword," by Edwin H. Blashfield; "Moonrise," by Robert Reid, and "Sunrise," by Charles H. Davis, being among the number.

Standing at the entrance of the great sculpture court are copies in plaster of the bronze allegorical figures

Paris, S. Seymour Thomas, has shown his work, "After the Bath."

Hanging over the group by Bridgman is the large work entitled "The Temple of the Winds," by Louis Loeb, full of rich color and decorative form.

The center of another panel is occupied by a small work by William T. Dana, (Dana), while hanging above it is a large work by W. L. Metcalfe, showing a scene in an Algerian market place.

In a corner of the room hangs a group of outdoor studies of female figures among the flowers, by J. L. Stewart.

The end of the large room is filled by a large work by Charles Sprague Pearce, showing a characteristic French peasant with flock of sheep that are being driven into a fold.

Next to this work hang two fine works by Gari Melchers, showing rich coloring and strong design. Adjoining Melchers' works hangs a strong work by J. S. Bissling. Near by is the canvas entitled "Loading the Caravan," by E. L. Weeks, a particularly fine example of this well-known artist's eastern subjects.

Julian Story shows a group of three, including two portraits of his wife, Mme. Eames.

The center of the large gallery is occupied by a large composition by Walter Gay, the subject being "French Breton Peasants at Prayer," well composed and subdued in color. A group of three rich-toned pic-

works by another Buffalo artist, Lars G. Sellstedt, one, the portrait of himself, a portrait of Mrs. Sellstedt, while the third is his well-known portrait of President Fillmore.

Two beautiful landscapes, hung one over the other, are by Leonard Ochtman. Beside them is the dramatic work entitled "Charge of the Battery," by Gilbert Gall. Two strong portraits of men hang in this room, both by Thomas Eakens, of Philadelphia.

In the small gallery to the right of the water color room is the exhibit by the artists of Canada, arranged by the Royal Canadian academy. In this room can be found the same variety of subject and treatment so characteristic of the United States rooms. A charming little peasant girl is by Laura Muntz; the brilliant work entitled "The Bathers," by Bruce H. Blair, holding the center of the largest wall—flanked on one side by a strong portrait by Robert Harris, the president of the Royal Canadian academy, and on the other by William Brynmor's work, entitled "The Grey Girl." Other figure subjects by W. Cruikshank, E. M. Morris, C. A. Reid, Henri Beau, James Wilson Morrice, A. Watson, C. E. Moss, E. Dyson, et. The strong work entitled "First Ship on Lake Erie," by J. D. Kelly; works by J. St. Charles, M. A. Ball and F. S. Challenor, whose picture, entitled "Workers of the Field," is filled with a golden light; landscapes by Maurice Cullen, W. D. Blatchly, Mrs. Mary Riester Reid, C. W. Jeffries, M. Matthews, F. H. Bridgen, Robert F. Gagen, Gertrude E. Spurr, F. M. Bell-Smith and J. C. Way; animal subjects by J. L. Graham, Homer B. Watson, F. McGilivray Knowles, Owen P. Staples, and marines by William Smith, William Hope, John Hammond and C. M. Manly, show the scope of work being accomplished in Canada at the present day.

From the Canadian room the visitor enters the large west gallery, replete with the best work of the artists resident in America. In the center of the largest panel hangs a remarkable group composed of landscapes by Dwight W. Tryon and figures by Thomas W. Dewing. The work of these painters has certainly never before been shown to such advantage, both artists being inspired by the delicate and tender aspects of nature. Their work harmonizes beautifully. Over this group hangs a water color entitled "Gloria," by Albert Herter, a fit companion to the splendid work of Tryon and Dewing. In the center of the north room is a group of masterpieces by Horatio Walker, a showing of his work such as has rarely been seen. Over this brilliant group hangs an immense canvas by Thomas Moran, the painter of America's great western scenery. To the right is a group of portraits by William M. Chase, showing his noted vigorous brush work and sureness of touch. To the left two figures by Abbott H. Thayer and one by George De Forest Brush, painters differing vastly in their methods but achieving the highest success in depicting the human soul. Near by hangs Cox's "Harp Player," one of his finest works. Above one of Thayer's works hangs a dainty canvas entitled "Carnations," by Maria Oakley Dewing, full of delicacy and subtle charm. Three landscapes by J. Francis Murphy in his best style, Frederick P. Vinton's fine portrait of Thomas G. Appleton, Robert Baandagee's masterpiece, "The Portrait of an Artist," are all near. To the left of the group of works by Tryon and Dewing are splendid river views by E. W. Redfield and three portraits, rich in coloring and full of character, by Robert W. Vennoh. In the corner hangs "Dorothea and Francesca," one of Cecilia Beaux' most successful portraits. Near this are charming figure pictures by Douglas Volk and winter twilight landscape by Charles Morris Young. In another corner are beautiful works in a characteristic manner by Robert Reid, Frank Benson and Childre Hassam. On the wall nearby hang a number of the best works of J. Alden Weir, including landscapes, ideal and figure subjects and portraits. In the adjoining panel are portraits by Irving R. Wiles, a charming figure in green by W. Howard Hart, and three of Bruce Crane's best landscapes, including two prize works.

In the sculpture court, between a double row of beautiful small bronze statues, can be seen a plaster copy of the Shaw Memorial, by Augustus St. Gaudens. This has been set up exactly as it was at the Paris exposition, and shows the master hand of the great sculptor, contrasting remarkably with his small medallions shown in the same room. In the Shaw Memorial he has worked as with the strength of a giant, while the workmanship on the small medallions would suggest the touch of a fairy hand. On the right hand side of this great work is Charles Grafly's work entitled "The Vulture War," a single stooping figure of a man, filled with tragic strength.

Other works in this group are the statue of Michael Angelo, the equestrian statue of Lafayette, lately erected in Paris, and the "Dancing Indian," all by Paul W. Bartlett, and "The Wrestlers," by F. M. Roubush. A small figure by MacMonnies, a child figure by Solon Borglum, and figures by Grafly, F. E. Elwell, A. Phimister Proctor, Cyrus E. Dallan, and busts by Herbert Adams, Alex. Calder, John Flanagan, Jonathan Scott Hartley, and many others are grouped about the pillars and beside the larger works, while on the western side of the room are large figures by MacMonnies, Charles Niehaus, and the figure of Gen. Cass, by R. E. Brooks.

CHARLES EDWARD LLOYD

His Diagnosis Was Correct.

An amusing instance of unconscious soliloquy during a tete-a-tete with a lady was told of the famous physician, Dr. Friend. It was in the old convivial days, and the doctor was summoned one evening from a rather too festive board to the bedside of a lady patient. He felt her pulse "secundum artem," but for the life of him could not count its beats. "Drunk by Jove!" he soliloquized, and pulled himself together sufficiently to order some harmless mixture. His delight may be imagined when the next morning, instead of an indignant dismissal from further attendance, he received from his patient a confession that he had diagnosed her complaint quite correctly.—Chicago Chronicle.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a large quantity of bogus bills, which are so cleverly executed that the average person would never suspect them of being spurious. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and general debility. Always go to reliable druggists who have the reputation of giving what you ask for.

Summary Retribution.

"Behold the brass band!" shouted the Chinese emperor. The court favorite looked questioning at the empress dowager.

"Certainly," said she. "If it will amuse him, behold the entire band." "But what reason shall I give?" "Simply call attention to its lack of delicacy. As we were entering the Forbidden City it played: 'The Old Home Ain't What It Used to Be.'"—Washington Star.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

He Couldn't.

"Oh, Mr. Spooner, pray rise. It is not right that you should kneel at my feet. Rise, I beg of you," implored the fair lady. But he didn't rise. His Irish did, though, and he replied, solemnly:

"I'm afraid—er—Miss Grace—I'm afraid I'm kneeling on your—er—that is, you dropped your chewing gum, and, oh, Miss Grace, I'm stuck on you!"—Denver Times.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

W. C. Carter

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *W. C. Carter*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

"He's forever speaking of 'the late unpleasantness.' By that I suppose he means the civil war." "Oh, no! He means his late wife."—Philadelphia Press.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

This is the season of the year when the careful man diets and is no sicker than the man who eats what he pleases.—Boston Transcript.

Envy never fails to be grieved at another's happiness and happy at his grief.—Ram's Horn.



Better than Quinine

Yucatan Chill Tonic cures Chills, Fever, Ague and all Malarial Diseases and does it quickly, permanently and pleasantly. Does not produce any bad after effects. Your dealer has it or can get it from his jobber in a day or two. Insist on securing Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Price 50c. Made only by The American Pharmaceutical Co., (Incorporated), Evansville, Indiana.

USE CERTAIN CHILL CURE. NEVER FAILS! Price, 50c.

SOZODONT insures your Teeth 25¢
At all Stores, or by mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York

WINCHESTER

"LEADER" and "REPEATER"
SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

are used by the best shots in the country because they are so accurate, uniform and reliable. All the world's championships and records have been won and made by Winchester shells. Shoot them and you'll shoot well. USED BY THE BEST SHOTS, SOLD EVERYWHERE.




Low Rates to Texas.

At frequent intervals during 1901, round trip tickets will be sold via the **Cotton Belt Route**, from Cairo and Memphis to points in Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Indian and Oklahoma Territories, at greatly reduced rates.

Tell us where you want to go; also when you would like to leave, and we will tell you when you can secure one of the low-rate tickets and what it will cost. We will also send you a complete schedule for the trip and an interesting little book, "A Trip to Texas."

W. C. PEEFER, D. P. A., Memphis, Tenn. W. G. ADAMS, T. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.
F. R. WYATT, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio. M. ADAMS, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill.
E. W. LAIDLAW, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

YELLOW JACK



that dreadful fiend that threatens the beautiful sunny south every summer can attack and kill only those whose bodies are not kept thoroughly cleaned out, purified and disinfected the year round. One whose liver is dead, whose bowels and stomach are full of half decayed food, whose whole body is unclean inside, is a quick and ready victim of yellow jack.

If you want to be safe against the scourge, keep in good health all summer, whether yellow jack puts in an appearance or not, **keep clean inside!** Use a mild laxative, that will make your bowels strong and healthy, and keep them pure and clean, protected against any and **all epidemic diseases.** It's Cascarets, that will keep and save you. Take them regularly and you will find that all infectious diseases are absolutely

PREVENTED BY

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS

THIS IS THE TABLET.

CASCARETS are absolutely harmless, a purely vegetable compound. No mercurial or other mineral pill-poison in CASCARETS. CASCARETS promptly, effectively and permanently cure every disorder of the Stomach, Liver and Intestines. They not only cure constipation, but every form of irregularity of the bowels, including diarrhea and dysentery. Pleasant, palatable, potent. Taste good. Do good. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. Write for booklet and free sample. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO OR NEW YORK.



IN THE ROOMS OF THE ART BUILDING.

ures entitled "Painting and Sculpture" and "Architecture," designed by Daniel C. French for the Hunt memorial in New York city.

Turning, however, to the picture galleries at the right, the visitor is surrounded by many works of American artists residing in England, though among them are hung a number of works by American artists living in the United States, the hanging having been done with an eye to the general harmony of the galleries and the graceful symmetry of the grouping of the pictures on the walls.

In this room are Frank D. Millet, with a group of five; Edwin A. Abbey, with his splendid work entitled "The Penance of Elenor, Duchess of Gloucester," opposite which hang six masterly works by John S. Sargent, the distinguished portrait painter. Grouped with the Sargents are a number of charming landscapes by W. L. Lathrop. Beside the work by Mr. Abbey hangs J. J. Shannon's picture, entitled "Miss Kitty," which was the recipient of the first prize at the Carnegie institute a year ago, and next to it the famous portrait of Gladstone, by John McLure Hamilton.

In the next room hangs a group of four works by Alexander Harrison, including his celebrated work, entitled "Le Crepuscule," which was awarded a \$2,000 prize at the American Art association in 1886 and which is now the property of the St. Louis art museum. The center panel of this room is occupied by a group of five oils and two water colors, by James McNeill Whistler, representing him in the various styles of work for which he is celebrated. Above his group hangs a landscape by Charles Caryl Coleman, well known in Buffalo, and a decorative work by Kenyon Cox, entitled "Poetry and Art." Other notable works in this room are by Howard Russell Butler, Walter Shirlaw, Edith Mitchell Prelwitz, Henry Prellwitz, Dana Marsh and Robert Henri. John W. Alexander is represented by a group of three large works, the central one being a work entitled "Autumn," awarded the Carnegie prize at the late exhibition of the Society of American Artists in New York city.

Henry A. Tanner's large work, entitled "Daniel in the Lions' Den," forms the center of a group of rich-toned works on the left hand. Prominent among these is the "Portrait of an Artist," by Edward Duffner, a Buffalo artist now resident in Paris. He has another fine portrait on the other side of the central work, by Tanner also. Two works by Augustus Koopman show that artist at his best.

Another young artist residing in

tures at the right shows well the work of Eugene Vail, while Walter MacEwen is represented by one large painting, the subject being taken from the early history of the United States, the theme being a Puritan maiden who is charged with witchcraft, fanaticism, the whole scene illustrative of those times.

The work entitled "Light Nights in Norway," by John Humphreys Johnson, shows that artist at his very best. The subject is simple, but very strong and full of delicate color.

In the corner of the gallery occupied by Mr. J. Humphreys Johnson's group of three hangs also the well-known work entitled "Atala," by Lucius Hitchcock, now resident in Buffalo.

In one of the smaller side galleries can be seen a medley of figure subjects, with landscapes and marines well interspersed. Prominent among the figure works is "The Son of Mary," by Elliott Daingerfield, and "The End of the Day," by Sergeant Kendall, which was awarded the second medal at the Carnegie institute in Pittsburgh last year.

Two richly-colored landscapes in this room are by Charles Warren Eaton. A meadow scene with sheep returning to the fold is by Carlton Wiggins.

Two brilliant marines by Charles H. Woodbury and three pictures by Louis Paul Dessar, Daniel Huntington's portrait of Bishop Cox and the portrait of Thomas C. Platt, by Thomas W. Wood, are also in this room. Other men represented in this room are F. K. M. Rehn, R. M. Shurtliff, Frank Duveneck, Hugh H. Breckenridge, William H. Howe, E. L. Henry, James S. Smillie and Thomas Eakens.

In the second small room can be found a group of works by Albert Lynch, the representative of Peru in the Pan-American exposition. Beside his group hangs the figure of a French peasant, by Miss M. Campbell McPherson, the Newfoundland artist.

In this room next to the exhibits of the South American artists hang three landscapes by William A. Coffin, director of fine arts, while adjoining his works are pictures by Charles C. Curran and Henry B. Snell, the assistants to the director.

On the opposite wall hangs a group by the well-known artist J. G. Brown, showing four of his characteristic works. Near by is the work entitled "The Hum of Mighty Workings," by Karl Hirschberg, the well-known Buffalo artist.

Four moonlight landscapes represent the work of Charles Melville Dewey.

The original for the very successful poster entitled "Spirit of Niagara," by Mrs. Charles Cary, hangs in this room also. Near it are three

NEWS OF THE COUNTY.

NEW SALEM.

Miss Blake Harpending and a child of Jim Mahan's are on the sick list this week.

The protracted meeting which was to have commenced last month at New Salem was called off on account of the hot, dry weather, and the sickness of one of the preachers. It will be held at some future date.

Bill Tyner says he will make some corn yet.

Miss Annie Finley came down on last Saturday and opened her school at New Salem Monday.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea," says J. H. Oank, of Williams, Oregon. We were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure. For sale by Haynes.

Some few of our farmers have finished breaking wheat ground.

Well, the glorious rain has come at last, and has and will do thousands of dollars worth of good to our farmers. After a careful examination of the corn in the lower end of this county we don't think over one fourth of a crop of corn can be made. The tobacco crops are doing finely; so also are sorghum, late corn, peas and pastures.

If the rain last week had done nothing but benefit the pastures, it would have done a great deal for the farmers, with the great come out in pastures the farmer can run his stock until frost, without any other feed.

Phil Travis, of Emmaus, spent Sunday in this section.

Jesse Tyner attended the funeral of his young friend Newton Riley, who was shot at Kuttawa.

A goodly number from this section attended the camp meeting at Hampton last week.

Our road supervisor, Joe Pace, is giving his road a No. 1 working, near New Salem church.

The late rains have helped the fruit crop.

Will Elder of Marion is at Henry Brouster's with his hay baler baling Henry's hay.

Roy Lamb of Sullivan, paid a visit to his uncle Tom Harpending's family last week.

Our farmers are making their arrangements to put in a fall crop of wheat this fall if they can procure the seed.

There is being sown one of the largest turnip crops in this section that has been sown since 1881.

What most people want is something mild and gentle, when in need of a physic. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill to a dot. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by R. F. Haynes.

Our old friend Benjamin Garnet has one of the finest, (and in fact the only crop of fine fruit in this section) crops of apples we have seen in years. Mr. Garnett thinks he will have 1,000 bushels of apples for market this fall.

Uncle Samuel Wofford has the finest crop of tobacco in this end of the county; by the way, Uncle Sam is one of our best tobacco growers.

Bro Eaton is making his arrangements to move to a farm he has purchased near J. A. Davidson's.

Stock of all kinds held up remarkably well considering the shortness of feed.

The stock law has commenced to be the topic wherever a few neighbors get together. So far it is about evenly divided. How it will be further on we are unable to say, but believe from present indications it will be pretty close, pro and con.

Mrs. C. R. Stevens and Mrs. W. O. Hayden of Salem were guests of friends in this section last week.

Mrs. Vic Stephenson and Miss Ida Bebout of Sheridan were guests of relatives and friends last week.

Born to the wife of Rev. E. M. Eaton, July 23, a fine son. The parson is very happy.

Will Lowery was in Louisville last week.

Will Hudson, who is road supervisor from Salem to the Crittenden county line, on the Salem and Marion road, is giving his road a number one working, something it has needed for the past fifteen years.

Their Secret Is Out.

All Sadieville, Ky., was curious to know the cause of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whittaker, who had for a long time endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. "It completely cured her and also cured our little granddaughter of a severe attack of whooping cough." It positively cures Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Bronchitis, all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free at Orme's.

DYCUSBURG.

W. S. Dycus, of Kuttawa, was here last week.

M. B. Charles and S. L. Yancey went to Paducah one day last week on business.

Miss Nellie Clifton was visiting her friends in Kelsey last week.

Will Buchanan was visiting his father at Crider last week.

H. B. Bennett went to Kelsey one day last week.

Deputy sheriff Farmer was in town collecting taxes last week.

W. H. McKee and family moved to Grand Rivers last week, where he will run a restaurant.

Lark Hard and Oscar Pogue of Frances passed through town one day last week.

Miss Rebecca Dunnican of Marion, is the guest of Dr. W. S. Graves family.

Miss Leonia Whitson was the guest of her sister, Mrs. McReynolds last week.

Miss Hattie Yates returned home last week from a ten days visit to friends in Kuttawa.

Ed Ferrill, of Sax City, Iowa, is the guest of S. H. Cassidy.

The town is having the streets put in good shape.

Misses Cora Clifton and Ialeen Graves spent Sunday in the country.

Frank Ramage, brother and sister, were visiting relatives near Grand Rivers Saturday and Sunday.

Carl T. Glenn and wife spent Sunday in the country.

A. L. Howells family visited in Grand Rivers last week.

Henry Mitchell and family visited in Marion last week.

Mrs. Mollie Decker is not well.

The families of S. H. Cassidy and M. B. Charles spent Sunday at the camp grounds.

A Minister's Good Work.

"I had a severe attack of bilious colic got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says Rev. A. A. Power of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor and did her no good so discharged him. I went over to see him next morning. He said that his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and he said 'No.' I went home and brought my bottle and gave him one dose, told him to take another dose in 15 or 20 minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured. For sale by R. F. Haynes.

SHADY GRAVE.

Everybody attended the camp meeting Sunday.

We have been having a warm time in Shady Grove for the past few days—no ice.

Brent Horning, who has been employed for the last two months in Providence, was promoted and has returned home.

Mrs. G. R. Campbell has been sick the past few days, but is at present improving.

W. H. Cotner received a painful wound on the arm by the emory wheel bursting last Monday morning at the head ng mill, but not serious.

"Through the months of June and July our baby was teething, and took a running off at the bowels and sickness of the stomach," says O. P. M. Holliday, of Deming, Ind. "His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Bhamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water and he got better at once. Sold by R. F. Haynes.

The following from this place attended the fair at Madisonville last week: W. H. Cotner, W. H. Towery, John Kemp, J. D. Elder, J. L. Curry, J. B. Simpson, J. L. Cardwell and daughter, Miss Lena.

Dr. Yost was called to Providence Saturday morning.

J. K. Beard was thrown from a mule a few days ago but was able to attend the camp meeting Sunday.

A little child of Hodge McConnell's has been very sick the past week, but is thought to be possibly a little better at this writing.

What a Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wrinkled, sallow complexion, a jaundiced skin, moth patches and blotches on the skin, its Liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. 25c at Orme's.

My Hair

"I had a very severe sickness that took off all my hair. I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor and it brought all my hair back again."

W. D. Quinn, Marseilles, Ill.

One thing is certain,—Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. This is because it is a hair food. It feeds the hair and the hair grows, that's all there is to it. It stops falling of the hair, too, and always restores color to gray hair.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

PINEY.

We are not dead if we have been silent for some time.

Harley Travis, of Providence, was in our neighborhood last week, and his many friends hereabouts were glad to see him.

Bro Childress filled his regular appointment at Enon Sunday.

Several of our young people attended the barbecue at Clay Saturday. They report a fine time.

Miss Laura Wood will leave us next week to begin school at Baker. When she leaves our Sunday school will lose one of its best teachers.

A large crowd from Piney attended the burying at the Williams graveyard Sunday.

Frank Towery visited Webster county Sunday. He evidently prefers Webster to Crittenden.

Edwin Walker will teach our fall school.

Mrs. Olivia Walker and aunt, Miss Sarah Maize, visited in the Iron Hill neighborhood last week.

The young folks of this neighborhood enjoyed himself at a musical, at Aaron Towery one night last week.

Miss Linnie Travis went to Providence last week.

We have a flourishing Sunday school at Enon.

Albert Drennan of Iron Hill, was in our midst again Sunday. What is the attraction.

Mrs. Hattie Towery is out again after a spell of fever.

The Fox that comes to Aaron Towery's is not after chickens. He prefers daises.

There was a fishing party on Trade-water Friday.

Jimmie Easley came over again Sunday.

If we see this in print we will come again.

CHAPEL HILL.

Vess Threlkeld, of Hurricane, was in our neighborhood last week.

Miss Rosie Allen, of Oak Grove, was the guest of Mrs. Addie Hill Thursday.

A large number of our people went to Piney camp meeting Sunday.

Mrs. Quertermous, an old lady, has been very low with congestion, but she is better.

Tobacco is coming right to the front since the rain, and we will make fine crops of the weed in this section.

Mrs. H. S. Hill is on the mend, which is glad news.

Mrs. Lude Hill is better.

Vess Threlkeld buried a little child here Tuesday.

There will be large wheat crop sown in this neighborhood.

Jeff Vandell is still improving.

Mrs. Duke Hill returned home to Evansville Saturday.

Question Answered.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. For sale by R. F. Haynes and J. H. Orme. Get Green's Prize Almanac.

\$10 IN GOLD!

Given Away!

The above amount will actually be given away at our store on

Monday, Sept. 16, 1901.

to the party that makes the nearest guess to the number of beans contained in the jar on display in our show window.

With Each and Every 25 Cent Purchase

We will give you a ticket that entitles you to a guess. On the above date we will have disinterested parties to open the jar and count the beans, and the one that has the nearest guess will be given \$10.00 IN GOLD ABSOLUTELY FREE.

Our Line is New and Up-to-Date

Our Dry Goods, Notions and Shoes go at less than cost. Our millinery department you will find to be the cheapest, latest and most complete in the city.

Remember with every 25 cent purchase you are entitled to a guess at the jar of beans. Commence your guessing at once.

C. Oppenheimer

Next Door to Marion Bank.

MARION, KY.

IRON HILL.

Miss Kitty Kemp, of Mississippi, will spend the following two months with friends and relatives here.

We learn that spar, zinc and lead have been found in great quantities on Bart Hodges farm.

Mrs. Mary Kemp, of Blackburn, is visiting here.

A fishing party went to Fishtrap Friday and was successful.

A large drove of sheep and mules from this section was taken to Marion and sold Saturday.

Mause Hubbard and family of Shady Grove, visited the family of Noah Fox this week.

Bud Brantley of Tribune was in this neighborhood this week.

Chess Dunbar has left here for Grand Rivers.

Misses Susie Wallace and Ada Kemp were the guests of Mrs. Hulda Hodges Thursday.

Ladies.

If you want a beautiful complexion, a bright eye, a good appetite, an active liver, bowels regular as clockwork, and a vigorous, healthy body, use Morley's Liver and Kidney Cordial, the great System Renovator. It cures all diseases to which women are subject, such as weakness, debility, melancholy, nervous prostration, etc. Sold by J. H. Orme.

Marion Bank,

Established 1887.

Capital paid up.....\$20,000
Surplus.....7,500

We offer to depositors and patrons every facility which their balances, business and responsibility warrant.

J. W. BLUE, Pres.
T. J. YANDELL, Cashier.

Lumber For Sale.

I keep constantly on hand rough lumber of all dimensions, and am prepared to fill bills on short notice

W. A. DAVIDSON,
LEVIAS, KY

Is Life Worth Living?

Sleeplessness, nervousness debility and palpitation of the heart are not diseases; they are symptoms indicating that the various vital organs are not working in harmony. Morley's Kidney Cordial restores order and rids the body of all the waste products that clog the system. It insures sound digestion, sound nerves, and sound sleep. Sold by Orme.

R. J. MORRIS

Dentist,

Office over Marion Bank.

MARION, KY

The **GRAPHOPHONE** Music Song Story

THE MOST FASCINATING INVENTION OF THE AGE

Rules the whole realm of sound.

Write for Special Catalogue No.

All Prices from \$5 to \$150

Columbia Phonograph Company
110 E. Baltimore St BALTIMORE, MD.

Finest and Best \$1.00 a Day House in Kentucky.

New Richmond House

R. E. DRENNAN, Propr.
PADUCAH, - - KENTUCKY

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Physician and Surgeon,
Office over Haynes' Drug Store.
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